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     2
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                 with preparation role
                 CA/CAplus patent kind codes updated
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         DEC 18
        DEC 18
NEWS
                 MARPAT to CA/Caplus accession number crossover limit increased
                 to 50,000
NEWS
        DEC 18
                 MEDLINE updated in preparation for 2007 reload
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        DEC 27
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
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                 CHEMLIST enhanced with New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
        JAN 16
NEWS 9
                 CA/CAplus Company Name Thesaurus enhanced and reloaded
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NEWS 10
                 IPC version 2007.01 thesaurus available on STN
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NEWS 11
                 WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX enhanced with IPC 8 reclassification data
NEWS 12
        JAN 22
                 CA/CAplus updated with revised CAS roles
        JAN 22
NEWS 13
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with patent applications from India
NEWS 14
        JAN 29
                 PHAR reloaded with new search and display fields
NEWS 15
        JAN 29
                 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in
                 multiple databases
                 PATDPASPC enhanced with Drug Approval numbers
NEWS 16
        FEB 15
NEWS 17
        FEB 15
                RUSSIAPAT enhanced with pre-1994 records
NEWS 18 FEB 23
                KOREAPAT enhanced with IPC 8 features and functionality
                MEDLINE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 19 FEB 26
NEWS 20 FEB 26
                EMBASE enhanced with Clinical Trial Number field
        FEB 26
NEWS 21
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE
NEWS 22
        FEB 26
                 IFICDB/IFIPAT/IFIUDB reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 23
        FEB 26
                 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased from 10,000
                 to 300,000 in multiple databases
NEWS 24
        MAR 15
                 WPIDS/WPIX enhanced with new FRAGHITSTR display format
NEWS 25
        MAR 16
                CASREACT coverage extended
             NOVEMBER 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01c, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP)
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 25 SEPTEMBER 2006.
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=> s phophine oxide?

2 PHOPHINE OXIDE?

=> s phosphine oxide?

11705 PHOSPHINE OXIDE?

=> s ophthalmic or eye care

72920 OPHTHALMIC OR EYE CARE

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ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:1094848 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:439287

TITLE:

Photochromic ophthalmic devices made with

dual initiator system

INVENTOR(S):

Molock, Frank; Cullerton, Gina M.; Mahadevan,

Shivkumar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 33pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO. KIN					KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT		DATE						
						-													
WO 2006110305 ·				A1 20061019			1	WO 2	006-		20060323								
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,		
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,		
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,		
		ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,		
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,		
							ТJ,												
					ZM,												•		
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΗU,	ΙE,		

IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2005-102319

A 20050408

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c} p-C_6H_4-N \\ \\ N \\ \\ CH_2-O-CO-NH+CH_2\\ \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$$

Ι

AB A photopolymerizable mixture for making photochromic lenses and soft contact lenses comprises ≥1 acrylic monomer, 0.1 - 5 weight% ≥1 photoinitiator having absorption at 200 - 700 nm such as aromatic α -hydroxyketones, alkoxyoxybenzoins, acetophenones, acyl phosphine oxides and a combination a tertiary amine with a diketone, 0.1 - 2 weight% ≥1 thermal initiator such as azo compds. or peroxides and ≥1 photochromic polymerizable monomer. Thus, a plastic photochromic contact lense can be produced by mixing under N2 100 mg a blend containing 91 weight% 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, 2.2 weight% methacrylic acid, 0.83 weight% ethylene glycol dimethacrylate, 0.1 weight% trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, 0.55 weight% AIBN, 0.5 weight% bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phenyl phosphine oxide (CGI 819) and 5.25 weight% a photochromic monomer I, adding 100 mg Glucam E-20 as a diluent, placing in molds, irradiating molds 20 min at 50° with light of fluorescent bulb, heating in oven 3 h at 70°, removing molds and immersing in an aqueous solution containing disodium EDTA and Tween

rinsing in borate-buffered saline solution

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:795811 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:235791

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Method and device for ophthalmic

administration of active pharmaceutical ingredients

INVENTOR(S): Gross, Yossi; Herzog, Rafi; Koevary, Steven B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmalight Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 127pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                       APPLICATION NO.
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                                        _____
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                       A2
                                        WO 2006-IL145
   . WO 2006082588
                             20060810
                                                             20060206
    WO 2006082588
                       A3
                             20070104
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
            KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
            SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
            VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                                         P 20050207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2005-650144P
                                        US 2005-742870P
                                                          P 20051207
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AB Disclosed is the use of a mist of a pharmaceutical composition for ophthalmic delivery of a protein or peptide active pharmaceutical ingredient, a related method of treatment and a device useful in implementing the use and method. Disclosed is also the use of a mist for ophthalmic delivery of a pharmaceutical composition including a highly irritating penetration enhancer and a carrier, a related method of treatment and a device useful in implementing the use and method. Disclosed is also a device for ophthalmic administration configured to direct a mist of a pharmaceutical composition to the eye only when the eye is open. Disclosed is also a self-sterilizing device for ophthalmic administration. Disclosed is also a device and a method for increasing the bioavailability of an ophthalmically administered drug in a pharmaceutical composition

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L5 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:299414 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:331976

TITLE:

Preparation of lactam polymer derivatives Arnold, Stephen C.; Laredo, Walter R.

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPL	ICAT:		DATE					
US 2006069235						A1 20060330				US 2	004-		20040930				
WO 2006039276				A2 20060413							20050928						
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
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		SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw												
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΗU,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM						•				
DIMI	ADD										~ ~ .	~					

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-955214 A 20040930

AB Lactam polymers has been modified with sodium borohydride (NaBH4) to yield lactam polymers bearing hydroxyl functional groups. These functional

groups are useful for the covalent attachment of reactive groups, fluorescent probes, antimicrobial agents, bioactive factors, and drugs. The resulting as components for medical devices, specifically ophthalmic devices and more specifically contact lenses. Hydrogels based on these polymers are also useful for biomedical applications in the areas of drug delivery, tissue engineering, and implantable devices. Thus, 100 g PVP K 90 was dissolved in 900 mL 2-propanol, 17 g sodium borohydride was added therein over 1 h, stirred at room temperature for 2 h and 55° for 4 h to give hydroxy-containing polymer with OH number 31.4 mg-KOH, 150 g of which was dissolved in 2 L anhydrous 1,4-dioxane, 41 mL triethylamine and 100 mg hydroguinone were added therein, 13.4 g acryloyl chloride was added therein and reacted at 60° for 4 h, 4.3 parts of the resulting compound was mixed with methyldi(trimethylsiloxy)propylglycerol methacrylate 21, 3-monomethacryloyloxypropyl-terminated polydimethylsiloxane 16, dimethylacrylamide 22, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 6, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate 0.5, Norblock 7966 1.1, CGI 819 (bis(2,6dimethoxybenzoyl)(2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)-phosphine oxide) 0.2, tert-amyl alc. 21, and polyvinyl pyrrolidone 7.8 parts, filled into a contact lens mold, and irradiated to give a clear lens.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:120768 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 14

142:204621

TITLE:

Polymeric conjugates for diagnosis and therapy Veronese, Francesco; Mazzi, Ulderico; Pasut,

Gianfranco; Visentin, Roberta

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Universita Degli Studi Di Padova, Italy

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

INVENTOR(S):

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO 2005 WO 2005						0210 0414		WO 2					2	0040	729	
WO 2005 W:	O11738 AE, AG CN, CC GE, GH LK, LR NO, NZ TJ, TM BW, GH AZ, BY EE, ES SI, TD PD0174 LN. INF e polym others rous at or prec tic and s conju f other adioisc ne oxid ugated and/or vide in	AL, CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, GM, KG, FI, TR, TG Co: com in cursors depolyme om in cursors there gates topes to the corease	A3 AM, CU, HR, FG, KZ, FR, BF, A1 an beers the sthe acomptices, sphotogen model of the service o	AT, CZ, HU, PH, TT, LS, MD, GB, et foreo corrector to corrector to correct to	2005 AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, MW, RU, GR, CF, 2003 njugat m of tappl ing ting shili addn ng o	0414 AZ, DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, TJ, CG, 1029 ated tingle ofoicatia a hyo least auch copoff che	BA, DM, IN, RO, UG, NA, TM, IE, CI, diagenospions ions ions ions ions ions ions ions	BB, DZ, IS, MG, RU, SD, AT, IT, CM, IT 20	BG, EC, JP, SC, UZ, SL, BE, LU, GA, 003- complication or polication pates photographic gates photographic gates to photographic gates agent	BR, EE, MN, SD, VC, SZ, BG, MC, GN, PD17 by rising on the sphing of the	BW, EG, MW, SE, VN, TZ, CH, NL, GQ, and	BY, ES, KP, MX, SG, YU, UG, CY, PL, GW, ns of t lead in this und, p abor one a one a	BZ, FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, CZ, PT, ML, A 20 f linast of direction of the correction of	CA, GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, DE, RO, MR, 00300 nkers one vent: o che	CH, GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK, SE, NE, 731 731 s ion y or by elate emers	

peptides or other biodegradable sequences. Addnl., one or more targeting mols. can be linked to the hydrophilic polymer directly or by means of linkers and/or others polymers. Due to their polymeric structure, the conjugates according to the invention have enhanced specificity toward certain tissues, such as tumors, inflamed tissues and the liver. The specificity can be further increased by the addnl. provision of targeting moieties such as antibodies or sugars. These conjugates can be formulated for remaining in the blood circulation for a period for time suitable for diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Moreover they possess thermodn. and kinetic stability, keeping the metal chelate intact under physiol. conditions. The invention also provides a very simple and efficient method for the labeling of radiopharmaceuticals, which avoids the use of any addnl. reducing agent. Accordingly, metal ions like technetium or rhenium can be added as pertechnetate or perrhenate to chelating agents comprising polymer and a phosphine and surprisingly it has been found that such chelating agents can act as reducing agents of the metal and the use of an addnl. reducing agent is not necessary. This allows the preparation of simple kits comprising a component (a) comprising the polymeric chelating agent and a component (b) comprising the metal ion in its highest oxidation state. These two components can be kept sep. and combined together just before use to yield the metal complex without the need of further reducing step and purification

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:547242 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:48164

TITLE: Use of cooling agents to relieve mild ocular

irritation and enhance comfort

INVENTOR(S): Asgharian, Bahram; Meadows, David L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alcon, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2005137166 A1 20050623 US 2004-729 20041201

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-531499P P 20031219

AB Ophthalmic compas containing very low concess (e.g., 1 to 50 ppm)

Ophthalmic compns. containing very low concns. (e.g., 1 to 50 ppm) of cooling agents are described. The cooling agents are less volatile and less prone to causing ocular discomfort than agents previously utilized to obtain an ocular cooling effect, such as menthol. The cooling agents are preferably contained in a vehicle that forms a gel or partial gel upon application to the eye. The cooling agents are selected from the group consisting of menthyl esters, carboxamides, menthane glycerol ketals, alkyl substituted ureas, sulfonamides, terpene analogs, furanones, phosphine oxides, and combinations thereof; and an ophthalmically acceptable vehicle therefor.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238684 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:303645

TITLE: Ophthalmic compositions and method for

treating eye discomfort and pain

INVENTOR(S): Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005059639	A1	20050317	US 2003-660905	20030911
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-660905	20030911
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	142:303645		

AB Eye discomfort is reduced by administering drops of an inventive composition containing a trialkyl phosphine oxide in an ophthalmic solution. The preferred method of administration is to drip the solution onto the medial canthus of the closed eye and to keep the eye closed until at least one minute after instillation. The preferred trialkyl phosphine oxide is selected for potency, long duration of action, and the absence of irritancy. A hydrocarbon polyol or a similar demulcent may be added to the composition in order to further reduce irritancy. The concentration of the trialkyl phosphine oxide in the ophthalmic solution is preferably in an amount of at least about 0.001 weight % to about 0.5% (10 μg/mL to 5 mg/mL) of the composition Preparation of disec-butyl-n-hexylphosphine oxide and its us in ophthalmic solns. for the treatment of patients suffering from eye discomforts are described.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:2922 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:60509

TITLE:

Macromer-containing monomer mixtures and catalysts for

macromer formation

INVENTOR(S):

Molock, Frank F.; Maiden, Annie C.; Lin, Xiaoping; Caison, Carrie L.; Clark, Michael R.; Love, Robert

Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

coppy pryypo

CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004000888	A1 20031231	WO 2003-US19700	20030623
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ,	, CA, CH, CN,
		DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB,	
	ID, IL, IN, IS,	JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU,	LV, MA, MD, MG,	MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI	, NO, NZ, OM,
PG, PH, PL,	PT, RO, RU, SC,	SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,	, TM, TN, TR,
	UG, UZ, VC, VN,		
RW: GH, GM, KE,	LS, MW, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,	, AM, AZ, BY,
		BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE,	
FI, FR, GB,	GR, HU, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,	, SI, SK, TR,
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,	, SN, TD, TG
		US 2002-183765	
US 6936641	B2 20050830		
CA 2490808	A1 20031231	CA 2003-2490808	20030623
AU 2003243724	A1 20040106	AU 2003-243724	20030623
EP 1534759	A1 20050601	EP 2003-761246	20030623
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	, SE, MC, PT,
· IE, SI, LT,	LV, FI, RO, MK,	CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE,	, HU, SK
CN 1675252			20030623
JP 2005530896	T 20051013	JP 2004-516119	20030623
IN 2004KN01941	A 20060707	IN 2004-KN1941	20041216
US 2006004119	A1 20060105	US 2005-181510	20050714
IORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2002-183765	A 20020625
		WO 2003-US19700	W 20030623

AB A monomer mix composition comprises a macromer, wherein the macromer comprises a reaction product of an electrophilic compound and a macromer-precursor material in the presence of a macromer-forming catalyst; and a visible

light photoinitiator, wherein the macromer-forming catalyst is compatible with the photoinitiator. The macromer mixture is useful for making ophthalmic lenses. The macromer-forming catalyst typically

comprises triethylamine or bismuth.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:852944 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:324326

TITLE: Heat-resistant polyesters, manufacture and molding

thereof, and aldehyde-free hollow containers, sheets,

and films therefrom

INVENTOR(S): Nakajima, Takahiro; Matsui, Yoshinao; Watanabe, Naoki;

Gyobu, Shoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE ----______ 20031031 JP 2002-112429 JP 2003306537 20020415 JP 2002-112429 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20020415 The polyesters are manufactured (from terephthalic acid, isophthalic acid,

naphthalene dicarboxylic acid, etc.) by (i) liquid condensation polymerization using Al (compds.), P compds., and optionally the 2nd metal compds. such as Sb, Ge, Ti, Co, and Mg compds., (ii) granulation, [(iii) crystallization in an

atmospheric of inert gases at a temperature higher than Tg and lower than m.p., (iv)

solid polymerization in an atmospheric of inert gases at a temperature lower than m.p., and

(v) contacting with (P-containing) water or organic solvent solns. polyesters are injection molded or extruded without thermal decomposition to give moldings, useful for beverage bottles or eye lotion droppers. Thus, terephthalic acid and ethylene glycol were esterified and polymerized in the presence of basic aluminum acetate and Irganox 1425 (P compound), cooled, cut into pellets, treated with water, and molded to give a PET bottle showing no aldehyde odor after 2-h aging at 40°.

ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:184288 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:238265

TITLE: Manufacture of high-refractive-index, low-density

> ophthalmic lenses from photopolymerized unsaturated polyester compositions

Engardio, Thomas J.; Dalsin, Philip D. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Signet Armorlite, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE DATE ____ _____ ______ A1 19990311 WO 1998-US17111 19980818

W: AU, BR, CN, JP, KR, MX, RU, SG

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

AU 9889127	A	_	AU 1998-89127	19980818
AU 741157 EP 1015505	B2 A1	20011122 20000705	EP 1998-940970	10000010
EP 1015505 EP 1015505	B1	20050309	EP 1998-940970	19980818
	ES, FR, GB, IT			
BR 9812058	E5, FK, GB, 11		BR 1998-12058	19980818
JP 200151431			JP 2000-508717	19980818
ES 2237845	т3		ES 1998-940970	19980818
PRIORITY APPLN. I			US 1997-923508	
			WO 1998-US17111	
			oving speed of man	
			tion and/or improve on ≥1 photoinitiate	
			length >380 nm so	
			n the polyester le	
			7 min, e.g., using	
			st preferably $\geq 1,0$	
			850 to a composition	
				xture of Sartomer SR
			d Me methacrylate	
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fast tint ra		•		
REFERENCE COUNT:	2	THERE ARE 2 C	ITED REFERENCES AV	AILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s eye drop? L6 12364 EYE DROP? => s L2 and L6 0 L2 AND L6 => s eyedrops 3708 EYEDROPS \Rightarrow s L2 and L8 0 L2 AND L8 => s phosphine oxides L10 3456 PHOSPHINE OXIDES => s L8 and L10 0 L8 AND L10 => s trialkyl phosphine 192 TRIALKYL PHOSPHINE => s L12 and L6 0 L12 AND L6 => s L12 and L8 0 L12 AND L8 => s L12 and L3 1 L12 AND L3

=> d 1 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238684 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:303645

TITLE: Ophthalmic compositions and method for

treating eye discomfort and pain

INVENTOR(S): Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ------------------------US 2005059639 A1 20050317 US 2003-660905 20030911 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-660905 20030911

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:303645 Eye discomfort is reduced by administering drops of an inventive composition containing a trialkyl phosphine oxide in an ophthalmic solution The preferred method of administration is to drip the solution onto the medial canthus of the closed eye and to keep the eye closed until at least one minute after instillation. The preferred trialkyl phosphine oxide is selected for potency, long duration of action, and the absence of irritancy. A hydrocarbon polyol or a similar demulcent may be added to the composition in order to further reduce irritancy. The concentration of the trialkyl phosphine oxide in the ophthalmic solution is preferably in an amount of at least about 0.001 weight % to about 0.5% (10 µg/mL to 5 mg/mL) of the composition Preparation of disec-butyl-n-hexylphosphine oxide and its us in

ophthalmic solns. for the treatment of patients suffering from eye

=> s phosphine

L16 83189 PHOSPHINE

discomforts are described.

=> s L3 and L16

L17 15 L3 AND L16

=> s L6 and L16

L18 0 L6 AND L16

=> s L8 and L16

0 L8 AND L16 L19

=> dup rem L17

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L17

14 DUP REM L17 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

 \Rightarrow d 1-2 L20 ibib abs

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1094848 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:439287

TITLE:

Photochromic ophthalmic devices made with

dual initiator system

INVENTOR(S):

Molock, Frank; Cullerton, Gina M.; Mahadevan,

Shivkumar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------_____ 20061019 WO 2006-US11009 WO 2006110305 A1 20060323 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2005-102319 A 20050408

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{p-C}_{6}\text{H}_{4}-\text{N} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{OMe} \\ \text{OMe} \\ \text{CH}_{2}-\text{O}-\text{CO}-\text{NH}+\text{CH}_{2}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{CH}_{2}\\ \text{CO}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_{2} \end{array}$$

Ι

A photopolymerizable mixture for making photochromic lenses and soft contact AΒ lenses comprises ≥1 acrylic monomer, 0.1 - 5 weight% ≥1 photoinitiator having absorption at 200 - 700 nm such as aromatic α -hydroxyketones, alkoxyoxybenzoins, acetophenones, acyl phosphine oxides and a combination a tertiary amine with a diketone, 0.1 - 2 weight% ≥1 thermal initiator such as azo compds. or peroxides and ≥ 1 photochromic polymerizable monomer. Thus, a plastic photochromic contact lense can be produced by mixing under N2 100 mg a blend containing 91 weight% 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, 2.2 weight% methacrylic acid, 0.83 weight% ethylene glycol dimethacrylate, 0.1 weight% trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, 0.55 weight% AIBN, 0.5 weight% bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phenyl phosphine oxide (CGI 819) and 5.25 weight% a photochromic monomer I, adding 100 mg Glucam E-20 as a diluent, placing in molds, irradiating molds 20 min at 50° with light of fluorescent bulb, heating in oven 3 h at 70°, removing molds and immersing in an aqueous solution containing disodium EDTA and Tween

rinsing in borate-buffered saline solution

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:795811 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:235791

TITLE:

Method and device for ophthalmic

administration of active pharmaceutical ingredients

INVENTOR(S): Gross, Yossi; Herzog, Rafi; Koevary, Steven B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmalight Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 127pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                              DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
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                                          WO 2006-IL145
    WO 2006082588
                        A2
                               20060810
                                                                20060206
    WO 2006082588
                              20070104
                        А3
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
            KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
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            SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
            VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
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            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          US 2005-650144P
                                                            P 20050207
                                                            P 20051207
                                          US 2005-742870P
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AB Disclosed is the use of a mist of a pharmaceutical composition for ophthalmic delivery of a protein or peptide active pharmaceutical ingredient, a related method of treatment and a device useful in implementing the use and method. Disclosed is also the use of a mist for ophthalmic delivery of a pharmaceutical composition including a highly irritating penetration enhancer and a carrier, a related method of treatment and a device useful in implementing the use and method. Disclosed is also a device for ophthalmic administration configured to direct a mist of a pharmaceutical composition to the eye only when the eye is open. Disclosed is also a self-sterilizing device for ophthalmic administration. Disclosed is also a device and a method for increasing the bioavailability of an ophthalmically administered drug in a pharmaceutical composition

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=> s L20 and (AY<2004 or PY<2004 or PRY<2004)
'2004' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
'2004' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
   2 FILES SEARCHED...
'2004' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE
            11 L20 AND (AY<2004 OR PY<2004 OR PRY<2004)
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=> d 1-11 L21 ibib abs

L21 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:547242 CAPLUS 143:48164

TITLE:

Use of cooling agents to relieve mild ocular

irritation and enhance comfort

INVENTOR(S):

Asgharian, Bahram; Meadows, David L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Alcon, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2005137166 Al 20050623 US 2004-729 20041201 <-
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-531499P P 20031219 <-
AB Ophthalmic compns. containing very low concns. (e.g., 1 to 50 ppm)

of cooling agents are described. The cooling agents are less volatile and less prone to causing ocular discomfort than agents previously utilized to obtain an ocular cooling effect, such as menthol. The cooling agents are preferably contained in a vehicle that forms a gel or partial gel upon application to the eye. The cooling agents are selected from the group consisting of menthyl esters, carboxamides, menthane glycerol ketals, alkyl substituted ureas, sulfonamides, terpene analogs, furanones, phosphine oxides, and combinations thereof; and an ophthalmically acceptable vehicle therefor.

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238684 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:303645

TITLE: Ophthalmic compositions and method for

treating eye discomfort and pain

INVENTOR(S): Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2005059639 A1 · 20050317 US 2003-660905 20030911 <-
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-660905 20030911 <-
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:303645

AB Eye discomfort is reduced by administering drops of an inventive composition containing a trialkyl phosphine oxide in an ophthalmic solution The preferred method of administration is to drip the solution onto the medial canthus of the closed eye and to keep the eye closed until at least one minute after instillation. The preferred trialkyl phosphine oxide is selected for potency, long duration of action, and the absence of irritancy. A hydrocarbon polyol or a similar demulcent may be added to the composition in order to further reduce irritancy. The concentration of the trialkyl phosphine oxide in the ophthalmic solution is preferably in an amount of at least about 0.001 weight % to about 0.5%

(10 μ g/mL to 5 mg/mL) of the composition Preparation of disec-butyl-n-hexylphosphine oxide and its us in ophthalmic solns. for the treatment of patients suffering from eye discomforts are described.

L21 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:120768 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:204621

TITLE: Polymeric conjugates for diagnosis and therapy

INVENTOR(S): Veronese, Francesco; Mazzi, Ulderico; Pasut,

Gianfranco; Visentin, Roberta

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Universita Degli Studi Di Padova, Italy

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

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WO 2005011738
                        A2
A3
                               20050210 WO 2004-IT422
                                                                 20040729 <--
    WO 2005011738
                               20050414
           AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
            NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
            TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
            EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
            SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
            SN, TD, TG
     IT 2003PD0174
                               20031029
                                           IT 2003-PD174
                         A1
                                                                  20030731 <--
                                           IT 2003-PD174
                                                              A 20030731 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    Reactive polymers can be conjugated, directly or by means of linkers
    and/or others polymers to chelating agents comprising at least one
    phosphorous atom in the form of a phosphine or phosphine
    oxide (or precursors thereof) to form conjugates useful in diagnostic and
    therapeutic applications. In particular this invention provides
    conjugates comprising a hydrophilic polymer bound, directly or by means of
    other moieties, to at least one chelating group able to chelate metal
    radioisotopes comprising at least one phosphine or one
    phosphine oxide phosphorous. Such chelating groups can be
    conjugated to the hydrophilic polymer directly or via one or more linkers
    and/or one or more addnl. polymers. The use of addnl. polymers can
    provide increased loading of chelating agent. The linkers are preferably
     selected among alkyl groups or aromatic groups or cleavable peptides or other
    biodegradable sequences. Addnl., one or more targeting mols. can be
     linked to the hydrophilic polymer directly or by means of linkers and/or
    others polymers. Due to their polymeric structure, the conjugates
     according to the invention have enhanced specificity toward certain
     tissues, such as tumors, inflamed tissues and the liver. The specificity
     can be further increased by the addnl. provision of targeting moieties
     such as antibodies or sugars. These conjugates can be formulated for
     remaining in the blood circulation for a period for time suitable for
    diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Moreover they possess thermodn.
     and kinetic stability, keeping the metal chelate intact under physiol.
     conditions. The invention also provides a very simple and efficient
    method for the labeling of radiopharmaceuticals, which avoids the use of
    any addnl. reducing agent. Accordingly, metal ions like technetium or
     rhenium can be added as pertechnetate or perrhenate to chelating agents
     comprising polymer and a phosphine and surprisingly it has been
     found that such chelating agents can act as reducing agents of the metal
     and the use of an addnl. reducing agent is not necessary. This allows the
    preparation of simple kits comprising a component (a) comprising the polymeric
     chelating agent and a component (b) comprising the metal ion in its
    highest oxidation state. These two components can be kept sep. and combined
     together just before use to yield the metal complex without the need of
     further reducing step and purification
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APPLICATION NO.

DATE

KIND DATE

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L21 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       2004:817898 CAPLUS
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DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:332611

PATENT NO.

TITLE: Phosphine sulfides and polymerizable

> compositions containing phosphine sulfides Jallouli, Aref; Turshani, Yassin; Wanigatunga,

INVENTOR(S): Sirisoma; Rickwood, Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Essilor International Compagnie Generale d'Optique,

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
WO 2004085447 WO 2004085447		WO 2004-EP3142	20040324 <			
W: AE, AG, AL, CN, CO, CR, GE, GH, GM, LK, LR, LS, NO, NZ, OM, TJ, TM, TN, RW: BW, GH, GM, BY, KG, KZ, ES, FI, FR, SK, TR, BF,	AM, AT, AU, AZ, CU, CZ, DE, DK, HR, HU, ID, IL, LT, LU, LV, MA, PG, PH, PL, PT, TR, TT, TZ, UA, KE, LS, MW, MZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, GB, GR, HU, IE,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,	ES, FI, GB, GD, KP, KR, KZ, LC, MX, MZ, NA, NI, SG, SK, SL, SY, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, CZ, DE, DK, EE, PT, RO, SE, SI,			
US 7129321 EP 1608704 R: AT, BE, CH, IE, SI, LT, JP 2006521437 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	B2 20061031 A2 20051228 DE, DK, ES, FR, LV, FI, RO, MK, T 20060921	EP 2004-722844 GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, JP 2006-504853 US 2003-457042P WO 2004-EP3142	20040324 < NL, SE, MC, PT, EE, HU, PL, SK 20040324 < P 20030324 <			
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 141:33261	11				

GI

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (R')_n \\ \end{pmatrix} \\ X \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (R)_n \\ \\ (X)_v \end{bmatrix}_{3-x} I$$

AB A polymerizable composition comprises (a) at least one first polymerizable component selected from monomers having at least two functional groups selected from cyanato, isocyanato, thiocyanato, isothiocyanato, (meth)acryloyl, thio(meth)acryloyl, episulfide, and (b) at least one second polymerizable component selected from: (i) phosphine sulfide monomers of the formula (I), where X represents -SH or -S-C(O)-C(R1)=CH2 with R1 being H or -CH3, R and R' independently represent alkyl, alkoxy or Ph, optionally substituted with one or more alkyl and/or alkoxy groups, n is an integer from 0 to 4, n' is an integer from 0 to 5, x is an integer from 0 to 2, yr is an integer from 1 to 5, and the total of y and n is an integer from 1 to 5, and (ii) prepolymers resulting from polymerization of at least one of the phosphine sulfide monomers and at least one of the first polymerizable component, and preferably having a number-average mol. weight from 1,000 to 10,000. polymerizable compns. containing phosphine sulfides provide optically transparent polymers useful in manufacturing ophthalmic lenses having improved mech. and optical properties. Thus, n-butyllithium (2.5 M, 375 mL, 0.94 mol) in THF was added dropwise under nitrogen into 4-bromothioanisole (190.8 g, 0.94 mol) in anhydrous THF (750 mL), followed by cooling the mixture, adding dropwise a solution of phosphorus trichloride (39.0 g, 0.28 mol) in anhydrous THF (100 mL), warming the mixture to room temperature,

stirring for 52 h, quenching with water (500 mL), and extracting with di-Et ether to obtain tris(4-thioanisyl)phosphine in 30% yield.

Tris(4-thioanisyl)phosphine (30.2 g, 0.075 mol) and elemental sulfur (2.4 g, 0.075 mol) were refluxed in anhydrous toluene (850 mL) under nitrogen for 20 h to obtain tris(4-thioanisyl)phosphine sulfide in 80% yield. A monomer, tris(4-thiophenyl)phosphine sulfide, was prepared in 65% yield by refluxing tris(4-thioanisyl)phosphine sulfide (10.0 g, 0.023 mol) and sodium 2-methyl-2-propanethiolate (15.56 g, 0.139 mol) in anhydrous DMF (150 mL) under nitrogen for 24 h.

L21 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:2922 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:60509

TITLE:

Macromer-containing monomer mixtures and catalysts for

macromer formation

INVENTOR(S):

Molock, Frank F.; Maiden, Annie C.; Lin, Xiaoping; Caison, Carrie L.; Clark, Michael R.; Love, Robert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION: DAMENIO NO

PATENT	NO.			KINI)	DATE		i		ICAT				DA	ATE		
WO 200	40008	88		A1	_	2003	1231	1						20	0030	623	<
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
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										GW,							
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US 693				В2		2005											
CA 249				A1						003-							
AU 200										003-							
EP 153				A1						003-							
R:	AT,														-	PT,	
		SI,	LT,							TR,					SK		
CN 167				Α		2005				003-					0030	623	<
JP 200										004-					0030		
IN 200									IN 2	004-1	KN19	41		20	0041	216	<
US 200				A1		2006	0105			005-					0050		
IORITY AP	PLN.	INFO	.:							002-							
								1	WO 2	003-	US19	700	1	₩ 2(0030	623	<

AB A monomer mix composition comprises a macromer, wherein the macromer comprises a reaction product of an electrophilic compound and a macromer-precursor material in the presence of a macromer-forming catalyst; and a visible light photoinitiator, wherein the macromer-forming catalyst is compatible with the photoinitiator. The macromer mixture is useful for making ophthalmic lenses. The macromer-forming catalyst typically comprises triethylamine or bismuth.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:852944 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:324326

TITLE:

Heat-resistant polyesters, manufacture and molding thereof, and aldehyde-free hollow containers, sheets, and films therefrom

INVENTOR(S): Nakajima, Takahiro; Matsui, Yoshinao; Watanabe, Naoki;

Gyobu, Shoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003306537	Α	20031031	JP 2002-112429	20020415 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-112429	20020415 <

The polyesters are manufactured (from terephthalic acid, isophthalic acid, AΒ naphthalene dicarboxylic acid, etc.) by (i) liquid condensation polymerization using Al (compds.), P compds., and optionally the 2nd metal compds. such as Sb, Ge, Ti, Co, and Mg compds., (ii) granulation, [(iii) crystallization in an

atmospheric of inert gases at a temperature higher than Tg and lower than m.p., (iv)

solid polymerization in an atmospheric of inert gases at a temperature lower than m.p.,] and

(v) contacting with (P-containing) water or organic solvent solns. polyesters are injection molded or extruded without thermal decomposition to give moldings, useful for beverage bottles or eye lotion droppers. Thus, terephthalic acid and ethylene glycol were esterified and polymerized in the presence of basic aluminum acetate and Irganox 1425 (P compound), cooled, cut into pellets, treated with water, and molded to give a PET bottle showing no aldehyde odor after 2-h aging at 40°.

L21 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:849711 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:358212

TITLE:

Photopolymerization of episulfides using metal complexes and its use for making ophthalmic

lenses

INVENTOR(S):

Wanigatunga, Sirisoma; Turshani, Yassin Yusef; Jiang,

Peiai

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Essilor International Compagnie Generale d'Optique,

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO. KIN					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.										
	2002				A1	_	2002	1107							2	0020	430	<
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		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
								SG,										
		UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	
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US	2003	0229	56		A1		2003	0130		US 2	001-	8466	69		2	0010	430	<
US	6592	801			В2		2003	0715										
EΡ	1392	760			A1		2004	0303		EP 2	002-	7405	43		2	0020	430	<
EΡ	1392	760			В1		2004	1013										
	R:	AT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	

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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004525240
                          T
                                20040819
                                         JP 2002-585517
                                                                   20020430 <--
     AT 279465
                                20041015
                                            AT 2002-740543
                                                                   20020430 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2001-846669
                                                                A 20010430 <--
                                                               W 20020430 <--
                                            WO 2002-EP4752
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 137:358212
     A safe and fast process for polymerizing episulfide monomers comprises the
     steps of (a) mixing to an episulfide monomers or a mixture of episulfide
     monomers an effective amount of ≥1 photopolymn. catalyst selected
     from (cyclopentadienyl) ruthenium and osmium complexes and an effective
     amount of ≥1 cocatalyst selected from phosphonium salts,
     phosphines and amines; and (b) irradiating the mixture of (a) with
     UV to polymerize the mixture
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L21 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:90169 CAPLUS
                         136:156491
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                         Method of manufacturing a photochromic molded article
INVENTOR(S):
                         Berzon, Ronald A.; Weber, Steve; Richard, Gilles;
                         Darmes, Daniel
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Essilor International Compagnie Generale d'Optique,
                         Fr.
                         PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
SOURCE:
                       . CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         ----
                                _____
                                            _____
                                            WO 2001-EP8497
                                                                   20010723 <--
     WO 2002008355
                         Α2
                                20020131
                                20020516
                         A3
     WO 2002008355
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 6572794
                                         US 2000-621933
                                                                    20000724 <--
                                20030603
                          В1
                                            EP 2001-962868
     EP 1307524
                          A2
                                20030507
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                          В1
                                20060705
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004504474
                          T
                                20040212
                                            JP 2002-514246
                                                                    20010723 <--
                                            AT 2001-962868
     AT 332346
                                                                    20010723 <--
                          T
                                20060715
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-621933
                                                                A 20000724 <--
                                            WO 2001-EP8497
                                                                W 20010723 <--
     Methods of manufacturing photochromic molded articles, especially photochromic
AB
     ophthalmic lenses, are described which entail filling a mold with
     a photopolymerizable monomer composition containing ≥1 photopolymerizable
     monomer, ≥1 photoinitiator, and ≥1 photochromic compound
     capable of coloring upon UV irradiation; pre-heating the composition to a
temperature
     which reduces or prevents coloration of the photochromic compound during the
     subsequent photopolymn. step; and photopolymg. the composition under
irradiation
     with a light comprising a UV portion and a UV-visible portion.
```

L21 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:184288 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:238265

TITLE: Manufacture of high-refractive-index, low-density

ophthalmic lenses from photopolymerized

unsaturated polyester compositions

INVENTOR(S): Engardio, Thomas J.; Dalsin, Philip D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Signet Armorlite, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PÁ.	TENT NO.			KINI	DA1	E	API	PLICATION NO	•	DATE	
WO	9911682 W: AU,	BR	CN	A1		90311		1998-US1711	1	19980818	<
•	•	BE,	•	•	•			R, GB, GR, I	E, IT,	LU, MC, NL,	
AU	9889127			Α	199	90322	AU	1998-89127		19980818	<
AU	741157			B2	200	11122					
EP	1015505			A1	200	00705	EP	1998-940970		19980818	<
EP	1015505			В1	200	50309				•	
	R: DE,	ES,	FR,	GB,	IT						
BR	9812058			Α	200	10828	BR	1998-12058		19980818	<
JP	20015143	13		T	200	10911	JP	2000-508717		19980818	<
ES	2237845			т3	200	50801	ES	1998-940970		19980818	<
PRIORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO	.:				US	1997-923508	A	19970904	<
							WO	1998-US1711	1 W	19980818	<

AB The title compns. are modified for improving speed of manufacture while maintaining uniform, low optical distortion and/or improved tint speed by the addition to the polyester composition ≥1 photoinitiator, preferably having at least some activity at a wavelength >380 nm so that a UV-absorbing compound can be included in the polyester lens composition The compns. are photocured to gelation in ≤7 min, e.g., using a light bulb with relatively high intensity, most preferably ≥1,000 μW/cm2. For example, adding Irgacure 1850 to a composition comprising Silmar D 910 resin blend with an additive containing a mixture of Sartomer SR 206, diallyl phthalate, Sartomer 399 and Me methacrylate and irradiating for 15 min gave a lens with good optical distortion characteristics and fast tint rate.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 2 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 10 OF 11 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999156088 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10048343

TITLE: Intraocular pressure lowering by S-allylmercaptocysteine in

rabbits.

AUTHOR: Chu T C; Han P; Han G; Potter D E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Morehouse School

of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia 30310-1495, USA.. tc@msm.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: EY06338 (NEI)

G12 RR03034 (NCRR) S06GM45199 (NIGMS)

SOURCE: Journal of ocular pharmacology and therapeutics : the

official journal of the Association for Ocular Pharmacology

and Therapeutics, (1999 Feb) Vol. 15, No. 1, pp.

9-17.

Journal code: 9511091. ISSN: 1080-7683.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) (RESEARCH SUPPORT, NON-U.S. GOV'T) (RESEARCH SUPPORT, U.S. GOV'T, P.H.S.)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199904

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 Apr 1999

Last Updated on STN: 3 Mar 2000 Entered Medline: 5 Apr 1999

AB The purpose of this study was to examine the actions of a garlic-derived compound, S-allylmercaptocysteine (SAMC) on intraocular pressure (IOP) and to determine the possible involvement of sulfhydryl reactivity, sympathetic neuronal activity and atrial natriuretic peptide (ANP) in the IOP response. Topical, unilateral application of SAMC (20, 100, 200 microg) elicited dose-dependent decreases in IOP. The magnitude of the IOP-lowering effect induced by SAMC was between four to six mmHq. The ocular hypotensive responses were unilateral, peaked at one to three hours and lasted from two to four hours. The IOP-lowering effect by SAMC (100 microg) was enhanced modestly by topical, bilateral pretreatment with a reducing agent, tris(2-carboxyethyl) phosphine (100 microg) which itself produced no change in IOP. No alteration of pupil diameter was observed following topical application of either SAMC or tris(2-carboxyethyl) phosphine. Thus, alteration of sulfhydryl reactivity does not seem to be a major mechanism of action for SAMC. caused no change of basal and electrically stimulated norepinephrine release in rabbit iris-ciliary bodies, ruling out a prejunctional effect on sympathetic nerve activity. However, SAMC increased the ANP levels in aqueous humor by five-fold. It is concluded that the ocular hypotensive response induced by SAMC in rabbits could involve the elevation of ANP levels in aqueous humor.

L21 ANSWER 11 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:83715 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200400084395

TITLE: Capillary electrophoresis with laser induced-fluorescence

detection of profens derivatized with the water-soluble fluorogenic reagent 4-N-(4-N'-aminoethyl)piperazino-7-nitro-

2,1,3-benzoxadiazole.

AUTHOR(S): Huang, Cheng Zhi; Santa, Tomofumi [Reprint Author]; Okabe,

Kohki; Imai, Kazuhiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of

Tokyo, 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113-0033, Japan

santa@mol.f.u-tokyo.ac.jp

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography A, (5 September 2003)

Vol. 1011, No. 1-2, pp. 193-201. print.

ISSN: 0021-9673 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 11 Feb 2004

Last Updated on STN: 11 Feb 2004

AB Profens, including pranoprofen, fenoprofen, flurbiprofen, ketoprofen and ibuprofen (Ib), were derivatized by a water-soluble benzofurazan fluorescent reagent, 4-N-(4-N'-aminoethyl)piperazino-7-nitro-2,1,3-benzoxadiazole and then were run on capillary electrophoresis in a NH4Ac-HAc buffer of pH 3.1 containing 2.4 mM beta-cyclodextrin. At room temperature, the derivatization reaction was catalyzed by triphenyl phosphine and diphenyl disulfide in acetonitrile medium, and the derivatives fluoresce around 530 nm when excited at 488 nm. With the CE running on a 50 cmX50 mum LD. length fused-silica capillary of by using Ar+ laser induced-fluorescence detection, the detection limits attained were in the range of 0.16 to 0.3 fmol.

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FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 114.17 114.38

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION -16.38 -16.38

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 927525-36-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 927525-36-8

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

L1

STR

H3C~ Ak~ P~ Ak~ CH3 6 2 Ak~ CH3

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 5
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 7

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 4515 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

5783 S L2 L3L45 S L3 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM?) E "EYE, DISEASES"+ALL/CT E "EYE, DISEASE"+ALL/CT L5 26155 S E7+OLD E PRURITUS+ALL/CT L62524 S E6 2 S L3 AND (L5 OR L6) L7E EYE+ALL/CT 87653 S E7+OLD $^{\rm L8}$ L93 S L3 AND L8 L10 5 S L4 OR L7 OR L9

E1 THROUGH E8 ASSIGNED

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238684 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:303645

TITLE: Ophthalmic compositions and method for

treating eye discomfort and pain

INVENTOR(S): Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005059639 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	Á1	20050317	US 2003-660905 US 2003-660905	20030911 20030911

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:303645

AB Eye discomfort is reduced by administering drops of an inventive composition containing a trialkyl phosphine oxide in an ophthalmic solution. The preferred method of administration is to drip the solution onto the medial canthus of the closed eye and to keep the eye closed until at least one minute after instillation. The preferred trialkyl phosphine oxide is selected for potency, long duration of action, and the absence of irritancy. A hydrocarbon polyol or a similar demulcent may be added to the composition in order to further reduce irritancy. The concentration of the trialkyl phosphine oxide in the ophthalmic solution is preferably in an amount of at least about 0.001 weight % to about 0.5% (10 μg/mL to 5 mg/mL) of the composition Preparation of

disec-butyl-n-hexylphosphine oxide and its us in ophthalmic solns. for the treatment of patients suffering from eye discomforts are described.

IT 52911-10-1P

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(ophthalmic compns. and method for treating eye discomfort and pain)

52911-10-1 HCAPLUS RN

Phosphine oxide, hexylbis(1-methylpropyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

52911-14-5 ΙT

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ophthalmic compns. and method for treating eye

discomfort and pain)

RN 52911-14-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, heptylbis(1-methylpropyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:509271 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:10205

TITLE: IV-VI semiconductor nanocrystals for passive

Q-switching of eye-safe laser

AUTHOR(S): Sirota, Marina; Galun, Ehud; Sashchiuk, Aldona;

Krupkin, Vladimir; Glushko, Alexander; Lifshitz,

Efrat

CORPORATE SOURCE: ElOP Electro-Optics Industries Ltd., Rehovot,

76111, Israel

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for

Optical Engineering (2003), 4970 (Laser Crystals,

Glasses, and Nonlinear Materials Growth and

Characterization), 53-60

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical

Engineering

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Laser, operating at 1-2 µm (NIR), is currently an attractive candidate for various applications include ranging, 3-dimensional scanning laser radar,

communication and other areas where human contact with the laser radiation is possible. The present work is focused on application of PbSe or core-shell PbSe/PbS semiconductor nanometer-sized crystals (NCs) for passive Q-switching of NIR laser. The NCs of PbSe and PbS have properties of saturable absorber, which allows using them as a passive optical switch. The authors propose a colloidal synthetic procedure for the preparation of size-selected NCs, suitable for Q-switching of NIR laser. Colloidal synthesis allows simple control over the size of the crystals, and therefore, provides a possibility to produce the samples with desired absorption band position. This method is also very effective for stabilization of NCs and passivation of their surface with the help of organic ligands.

IT 78-50-2, Trioctylphosphine oxide

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(in preparation; IV-VI semiconductor nanocrystals for passive Q-switching of eye-safe laser)

RN 78-50-2 HCAPLUS

Phosphine oxide, trioctyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

REFERENCE COUNT:

16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:655084 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:201319

TITLE:

Preparation of β -aryl- α -oxy substituted alkylcarboxylic acids as hypolipidemic, antihyperglycemic, antiobesity, and

hypocholesterolemic agents

INVENTOR(S):

Lohray, Braj Bhushan; Lohray, Vidya Bhushan;

Bajji, Ashok Channaveerappa; Kalchar,

Shivaramayya; Paraselli, Rao Bheema; Gurram, Ranga Madhavan; Ramanujam, Rajagopalan; Chakrabarti,

Ranjan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Reddy's Research Foundation, India;

Reddy-Cheminor, Inc.

SOURCE:

U.S., 43 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,054,453.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6440961	B1	20020827	US 1999-257104	19990224
IN 1997MA02416	Α	20050304	IN 1997-MA2416	19971027
US 6054453	Α	20000425	US 1998-12585	19980123
GB 2380997	A	20030423	GB 2002-30280	19980123
GB 2380997	В	. 20030702		
CA 2365793	A1	20000831	CA 1999-2365793	19990416

WO	2000050414 A1 20000831													19990416			
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG	, BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN	, CU,	
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											, LK,						
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL	, PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	, SG,	
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AU	9929	537			Α	2	2000	0914	AU 1999-29537						19990416		
NZ	5136	513689				2	2001	0928	NZ 1999-513689						19990416		
EP	1155	1155006				2	2001:	1121	EP 1999-910638								
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					LT,		FI,	RO									
=	2001		8		Т2	2	20020	0321		TR	2001-	2001	0321	8	:	19990416	
	9917				Α						1999-					19990416	
				A2 20020629						HU	2002-	164				19990416	
	200200164					A3 20030728											
	2002537390 T 200100446 A				T	20021105 JP 2000-600997								19990416			
		200100446 <i>I</i>				2		1216			2001-					19990416	
	6548666						20030									20010510	
	6608194			B1			0819			2001-			20010510				
	2001000612				A1			1231			2001-			20010822			
		2001004102 A 20011							2001-					20010823			
	2001		94		A		-	1125			2001-					20010823	
	1059				Α	2	20020	0628			2001-					20010920	
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						IN	1997-	MA24	16		A :	19971027	
													_				
										US	1998-	1258	5		A2 :	19980123	
•										GB	2000-	1017	6		A :	19980123	
										US	1999-	2571	04		A :	19990224	
										WO	1999-	IB68	3		W :	19990416	

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 137:201319

GI

$$R^{2}$$
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 $(CH_{2})_{n}O_{m}ArCHR^{5}CR^{6}(OR^{7})COYR^{8}$ I

AB β -Aryl- α -oxy substituted alkylcarboxylic acids I [R1-4 = H, halo, OH, NO2, CN, CHO, etc.; A = 5-6 membered (hetero)cycle; X = O, S; Ar = (un)substituted divalent aromatic or heterocyclic group; R5 = H, OH, alkoxy, halo, alkyl; R6 = H, OH, alkoxy, halo, alkyl group, acyl, (un)substituted aralkyl or forms a bond together with R5; R7 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, etc.; R8 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, etc.; Y = O, NR10; R10 = H, alkyl, aryl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, heteroaralkyl groups; R8, R10 together form a 5 or 6 membered (hetero)cycle; n = 1-4; m = 0-1] were prepared E.g., 3-[4-[2-(phenoxazinyl)ethoxy]phenyl]-2-

hydroxypropanoic acid was prepared Example compds. were shown to possess peroxisome proliferator activated receptors, PPAR- α and PPAR- γ and shown to inhibit HMG CoA reductase. I are used to treat diabetes caused by insulin resistance.

IT 289665-22-1, Acetic acid, (diethylphosphinyl)phenoxy-, ethyl
 ester

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of β -aryl- α -oxy substituted alkylcarboxylic acids as hypolipidemic, antihyperglycemic, antiobesity, and hypocholesterolemic agents)

RN 289665-22-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, (diethylphosphinyl)phenoxy-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:493550 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:101736

TITLE:

A reagent system and method for increasing the

luminescence of lanthanide(iii) macrocyclic

complexes

INVENTOR(S):

Leif, Robert C.; Vallarino, Lidia

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 96 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: ·

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

P.F	PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE	APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WC	2000						2000	1	wo	2000-	US12	.211			20000118		
	₩:	CA,	CH,	DE,	FI,	GB,	JP,	US									
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FF	R, GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU	, MC,	
		NL,	PT,	SE													
CA	2360	054			A1		2000	0720		CA	2000-	2360	054			20000118	
E	1150	985			A1		2001	1107		EΡ	2000-	9056	53			20000118	
E	1150	985			·B1		2004	0630									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	R, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	
			IE,		·			•				•	•	•		•	
US	6340	744	•		В1		2002	0122		US	2000-	4846	70			20000118	
AT	2702	98			Т		2004	0715		ΑТ	2000-	9056	53			20000118	
US	2002	1329	92		A1		2002	0919		US	2001-	1059	7			20011206	
US	6750	005			В2		2004	0615									
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US	1999-	1163	16P		P	19990119	
		·•		• •											~		
										US	2000-	4846	70	į	A 1	20000118	

WO 2000-US1211 W 20000118

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:101736

Disclosed are a spectrofluorimetrically detectable luminescent composition and processes for enhancing the luminescence of one or more lanthanide-containing macrocycles. The luminescent composition comprises a micelle-producing amount of at least one surfactant, at least one energy transfer acceptor lanthanide element macrocycle compound having an emission spectrum peak in the range from 500 to 950 nm, and a luminescence-enhancing amount of at least one energy transfer donor compound of yttrium or a 3-valent lanthanide element having atomic number 59-71, provided that the lanthanide element of said macrocycle compound and the lanthanide element of said energy transfer donor compound are not identical. The addition of qadolinium(III) in the presence of other solutes to both the prototype and the difunctionalized europium, samarium, and terbium macrocyclic complexes, which were taught in our U.S. patents #5,373,093 and #5,696,240, enhances their luminescence. Similar enhancements of luminescence also results for the mono-functionalized europium, samarium, and terbium macrocyclic complexes, which were taught in our U.S. patent #5,696,240. The enhanced luminescence afforded by the composition enables the detection and/or quantitation of many analytes in low concns. without the use of expensive, complicated time-gated detection systems.

IT 78-50-2, Trioctylphosphine oxide

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (reagent system and method for increasing luminescence of lanthanide(iii) macrocyclic complexes)

RN 78-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, trioctyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:500208 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:100208

TITLE: Derivatives of phosphinic and phosphinous acids.

XXXIX. Synthesis of phosphorylated carboxylic

acid hydrazides

AUTHOR(S): Razumov, A. I.; Poznyak, R. L.; Brudnaya, K. B.;

Berim, M. G.; Slepova, R. I.; Tuktarova, Sh. Z.;

Rzhevskaya, G. F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: S. M. Kirov Kazansk. Khim. Tekhnol. Inst., Kazan,

USSR

SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1967), 37(2), 421-4

CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB cf. CA 66: 38255n. In a search for compds. with anticholinesterase, spasmolytic, and antiviral activities, as well as antimicrobial activity in control of tuberculosis, a number of hydrazides were prepared by heating 3 moles N2H4.H2O 3 hrs. at 120-30° with 1 mole R1R2(0)(CH2)2CO2R, followed by

concentration in vacuo to form the following RCH2CONHNH2 (R, % yield, and m.p. given): Et2P(O), 96, 89-90°; Ph2P(O), 85, 159-60°; (p-MeC6H4)2P(O), 77, 53-5°; Ph2P(O)CH2, 73, 124-6°; PhP(O)(OEt), 64, 72-5°; PhP(O)(OBu), 70, 82-4°. In the course of the reaction involving compds. with the ester functions, some underwent hydrolysis and yielded varying amts. of the free acids: PhP(O)(OH)CH2CONHNH2, m. 272-4°; EtP(O)(OH)CH2CONHNH2, m. 200-2°. Equimolar amts. of the appropriate substituted hydrazine and the desired ester of phosphonocarboxylic acid 3 hrs. at 130-80° gave the following RCH2CONHNHR' in 75-90% yield (R, R', and m.p. given): Et2P(O), COC5H4N, 100-1°; (EtO)2P(O), COC5H4N, 70-2°; Ph2P(O), COC5H4N, 100-2°; EtP(O)(OBu), COC5H4N, 130-2°; Et2P(O), Ac (I), 102-4°; PhP(O)(OEt), Ph, 70-2°; Et2P(O), COCH2P(O)Et2, 168-70°; Ph2P(O), COCH2P(O)Ph2, 240-2°. I was prepared from the appropriate hydrazide and AcCl in dioxane. Ir spectra of the hydrazides were reported. All the compds. had low toxicity to mice and LD50 were of the order of tens or hundreds of mg./kg. In aqueous solution they did not affect the eye pupil size nor the retinal sensitivity. Tests with tuberculosis organism in vitro gave substantial destruction in 5 days after exposure to 1:5000 dilution in cases of hydrazides with Et2P(O) and COC5H4N groups, (EtO)2PO and COC5H4N groups, and especially EtP(O)(OBu), COC5H4N groups. Others were less active.

IT 4553-56-4P 4574-29-2P 16543-17-2P

29222-25-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 4553-56-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, (diethylphosphinyl)-, hydrazide (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 4574-29-2 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrazine, 1,2-bis[(diethylphosphinyl)acetyl]- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 16543-17-2 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrazine, 1-acetyl-2-[(diethylphosphinyl)acetyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 29222-25-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hydrazine, 1-[(diethylphosphinyl)acetyl]-2-(pyridylcarbonyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:16:34 ON 21 MAR 2007

L11 8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (78-50-2/BI OR 16543-17-2

/BI OR 289665-22-1/BI OR 29222-25-1/BI OR 4553-56-4/BI OR

4574-29-2/BI OR 52911-10-1/BI OR 52911-14-5/BI)

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L12 56 L11

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN CA65:17774e CAOLD

TI measurement of the distribution coefficient of actinides and lanthanides between aqueous HNO3 and solns. of tri-n-octylphosphine oxide and trilaurylamine in diethylbenzene-synergistic effects

AU Ihle, Hans; Michael, H.; Murrenhoff, A. P.

IT 78-50-2 102-87-4

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN CA65:16264d CAOLD

TI infrared spectra of strongly H-bonded systems

AU Hadzi, Dusan

IT **78-50-2** 694-59-7 791-28-6 7304-91-8 14448-52-3 14448-57-8

ANSWER 3 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L12 CA65:14681g CAOLD AN ΤI long-range P-H spin-spin coupling in the nuclear magnetic resonance spectra of o-, m-, and p-methylbenzyltriphenylphosphonium bromides Khaleeluddin, K.; Scott, J. M. W. ΑU ΤI nuclear magnetic resonance studies of complexes involving β -diketones and some neutral organophosphorus esters ΑU Pukanic, George; Li, N. C.; Brey, W. S., Jr.; Savitsky, G. B. IT 78-38-6 78-50-2 367-57-7 1522-22-1 ANSWER 4 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L12 AN CA65:11422f CAOLD TΙ extraction equilibrium Rozen, A. M.; Agashkina, G. A.; Konstantinova, N. A.; Nikolotova, Z. ΑU I.; Reshet'ko, Yu. V.; Teterin, E. G.; Khorkhorina, L. P.; Yurkin, V. IT 78-50-2 1806-54-8 2452-70-2 2565-58-4 6924-92-1 6924-93-2 7065-29-4 7098-29-5 7789-59-5 13478-20-1 13823-27-3 L12 ANSWER 5 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA65:6372e CAOLD ΤI labeled ternary metal complex involved in solvent extraction and its use in back-extraction studies ΑU Walker, William R.; Farrell, M. S. IT 78-50-2 631-61-8 5137-56-4 14243-06-2 15444-88-9 14516-68-8 15625-52-2 15625-53-3 15928-95-7 36407-48-4 L12 ANSWER 6 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA65:6371h CAOLD AN regularities of extraction of alkali metals ΤI ΑU Rozen, A. M.; Mikhailichenko, A. I. 78-50-2 2452-70-2 ΙT L12 ANSWER 7 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA65:3284f CAOLD TΙ comparative investigation of counting methods for the absolute determination of the activity of α -emitters ΑU Ihle, Hans; Karayannis, M.; Murrenhoff, A. P. 78-50-2 ΙT L12 ANSWER 8 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN . CA65:3281e CAOLD ΤI liquid scintillation counting of α -ray emitters Ihle, Hans; Karayannis, M.; Murrenhoff, A. P. ΑU IT 78-50-2 L12 ANSWER 9 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA64:18881f CAOLD AN ΤI miscibility gap in extraction systems involving alkyl amines ΑU Kertes, Aviezer S.; Habousha, Y. E. ΤI synergistic effect on the extraction of 233U(VI) by dibutyl phosphate and tributyl phosphate or trioctylphosphene oxide ΑU Liem, Djiet H.; Dyrssen, D. IT 78-50-2 107-66-4 1070-01-5 645-41-0 1116-76-3

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ANSWER 10 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L12
AN
     CA64:18493d CAOLD
ΤI
     dependence of the extractive power of organic compds. on their structure
     and the electronegativity of substituent groups - (II) influence of
     the electronegativity of the groups
     Rozen, A. M.; Nikolotova, Z. I.; Petrov, K. A.; Skotnikov, A. S.;
ΑU
     Teterin, E. G.
ΤI
     solubility of C2H2 in solns. of some substances in MeOH and at low temps.
     Shleinikov, V. M.
ΑU
        78-50-2
IT
                  1754-47-8
                                2452-70-2
                                             6924-92-1
     6924-93-2
                  6924-94-3
                               7098-29-5
                                            7098-33-1
L12 ANSWER 11 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
     CA64:15705d CAOLD
     H bonding in some adducts of O bases with acids - (II) infrared
ΤI
     spectra of liquid adducts of carboxylic acids with sulfoxides,
     phosphine oxides, and other bases
ΑU
     Hadzi, Dusan; Kobilarov, N.
IT
        78-50-2
                    694-59-7
                                 791-28-6
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     1153-05-5
                  1600-44-8
                               2211-92-9
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     7304-89-4
                 7304-90-7
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                                           14448-56-7
                                                        14448-58-9
L12 ANSWER 12 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     CA64:15070f CAOLD
AN
ΤI
     inorg. solvent extraction
ΑU
     Ishimori, Tomitaro; Akatsu, E.
ΙT
        56-23-5
                     56-37-1
                                  60-29-7
                                             67-66-3
                                                            78-50-2
     108-88-3
                  507-28-8
                               814-29-9
                                            919-48-2
                                                        2757-28-0
     3204-68-0
                  6997-56-4
L12 ANSWER 13 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
     CA64:15065b CAOLD
ΤI
     metal complexes in solvent extraction - (IV) synergism and destruction of
     synergism with thenoyltrifluoroacetone and hexafluoroacetylacetone
ΑU
     Wang, Sung Mao; Walker, W. R.; Li, N. C.
ΙT
        78-50-2
                    104-76-7
                                1522-22-1
                                          14243-06-2
     14552-98-8
                  15415-94-8
L12 ANSWER 14 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
     CA64:14968h CAOLD
ΤI
     gas-chromatographic analysis of solvent used in reactor fuel
     reprocessing and fission product recovery
ΑU
     Campbell, Milton H.
ΙT
        78-46-6
                     78-50-2
                                 102-87-4
                                             1116-76-3
     2404-73-1
L12 ANSWER 15 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
     CA64:11939e CAOLD
ΤI
     radiochem. studies on the extraction and stability of metal chelates and on
     the separation of metal salts by extraction chromatography
ΑU
     Stronski, Ignacy
IT
        78-50-2
                     94-93-9
                                 120-70-7
                                              491-33-8
     631-61-8
                1116-76-3
                              3946-91-6
                                           5767-53-3
                                                        7396-77-2
     10300-52-4
                10319-00-3
                             10319-01-4
                                           10319-02-5
                                                        10576-49-5
     62945-14-6
L12 ANSWER 16 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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AN

CA64:9571a CAOLD

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ΤI
     dependence of the extraction and reaction abilities of organic compds. on
     their structures
ΑU
     Rozen, A. M.; Konstantinova, N. A.
ΙT
        78-50-2 1000-36-8 1806-54-8
                                           6924-92-1
     6924-93-2 6924-94-3
                              7065-29-4
                                          7098-29-5
L12 ANSWER 17 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA64:8983g CAOLD
TΙ
    solvent extraction studies of Ta fluoride complexes with
    N-benzoylphenylhydroxylamine, tri-n-octylphosphine oxide, and methyl
     isobutyl ketone using computer techniques
    Varga, Louis P.; Wakley, W. D.; Nicolson, L. S.; Madden, M. L.;
ΑU
     Patterson, J.
        78-50-2
ΙT
                   304-88-1
                               2237-41-4
                                          7783-71-3
    12213-08-0 13453-32-2
                              16924-28-0
                                          20370-10-9
L12 ANSWER 18 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA64:7422a CAOLD
AN
    extraction of acids by n-octylaniline - (II) of H2SO4
ΤI
ΑU
    Mrnka, Miroslav; Celeda, J.
ΙT
        78-50-2 92330-58-0
L12 ANSWER 19 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA64:2794h CAOLD
ΤI
    coexistence curve for the perfluoromethylcyclohexane-CCl4 system near
    the critical temperature
ΑU
    Thompson, Darrell R.
    extraction of Ce with tri-n-octylphosphine oxide
ΤI
ΑU
    Alian, Atef; Moustafa, Z. H.
IT
       78-50-2
                 355-02-2
                             5828-67-1
                                          5828-68-2
    15709-34-9
L12 ANSWER 20 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA64:604h CAOLD
    hydrazides of phosphorylated carboxylic acids
TΙ
    Razumov, A. I.; Poznyak, R. L.
ΑU
    Kirov, S. M., Chemical Engineering Institute, Kazan
PΑ
DT
    Patent
    PATENT NO.
                  KIND
                               DATE
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PΙ
    SU 172799
ΙT
     4553-51-9
                 4553-52-0
                              4553-53-1
                                           4553-56-4
    4553-57-5 4553-58-6
                              4574-29-2
L12 ANSWER 21 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA64:19h CAOLD
AN
TΙ
    direct determination of U in organic solvents
ΑU
    Bakos, Laszlo; Andras, L.
IT
        78-50-2
                  1116-76-3 21351-79-1
    ANSWER 22 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L12
    CA63:15738h CAOLD
AN
ΤI
    study of the effects of absorption on spectral lines from a plasma
ΑU
    Bickel, William S.; Scoboria, R.
IT
        78-50-2
                   791-28-6
L12 ANSWER 23 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA63:14138f CAOLD
AN
    solvent extraction of inorg. ions with tri-n-octyl phosphine oxide
ΤI
ΑU
    Ishimori, Tomitaro; Kimura, K.; Fujino, T.; Murakami, H.
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78-50-2.
IT
L12 ANSWER 24 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA63:14137h CAOLD
AN
    extraction of Se and Te
TΙ
    Timofeeva, V. K.
ΑU
       78-50-2
IT
                  102-87-4
                                111-86-4
                                            126-71-6
    1070-01-5
                 1116-76-3
                              1120-48-5
                                          2452-70-2
                                                       2528-45-2
    3084-48-8
                 5137-43-9
L12 ANSWER 25 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA63:9397e CAOLD
ΤI
    stability of some liquid scintillator solns.
ΑU
    Joon, K.; Deurloo, P. A.
       78-50-2
IT .
                  92-71-7
                               3073-87-8
L12 ANSWER 26 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA62:13921d CAOLD
AN
    solvent extraction properties of some bis(dihexylphosphinyl) alkanes
ΤI
ΑU
    Mrochek, John E.; Banks, C. V.
ΙT
       78-50-2
                  2785-33-3
                             2785-34-4
                                           2785-35-5
    2896-56-2
L12 ANSWER 27 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA62:13921a CAOLD
AN
ΤI
    extn, of acids by basic organic solvents - (V) trioctylphosphine '
    oxide-HClO4 and triocytylphosphine oxide-HReO4
ΑU
    Conocchioli, Teresa J.; Tocher, M. I.; Diamond, R. M.
ΙT
       78-50-2
                 3007-69-0 13768-11-1
L12 ANSWER 28 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA62:13839a CAOLD
    separation and determination of trace quantities of U in the presence of Pu
ΤI
    Baltisberger, Richard J.
ΑU
       78-50-2
ΙT
    ANSWER 29 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA62:10055c CAOLD
    bis(disubstituted phosphinyl)alkanes - (IV) estimation of mineral acids,
TΙ
    U(VI), and some lanthanides
    Mrochek, John E.; Banks, C. V.
ΑU
ΙT
       78-50-2
                 2785-34-4 2785-35-5
                                           2817-20-1
     2896-56-2 102085-01-8 103800-68-6 104623-97-4 106504-03-4
L12 ANSWER 30 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA62:9857f CAOLD
AN
ΤI
    bis(dialkylphosphinyl)methanes as solvent extractants
AU
    Parker, James R.; Banks, C. V.
                    78-50-2
                                           1733-58-0
ΙT
       78-46-6
                                791-28-6
     2785-32-2
                 3011-69-6
                              3011-70-9
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                 3011-75-4
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                                          3011-78-7
                                                       3011-79-8
    3011-80-1
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                              3011-84-5
                                          3244-68-6
                                                       3244-69-7
                              3486-98-4
    3244-70-0
                 3257-26-9
                                          3577-29-5 104577-05-1
   104577-06-2 105071-31-6
L12 ANSWER 31 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA62:9856f CAOLD
AN
    association of organophosphorus derivs. with chloroform and the effect of
TI
    the nature of the diluent on the extraction of salts
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Pushlenkov, M. F.; Komarov, E. V.

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78-50-2
                                814-29-9
 IT
         78-46-6
                                            865-49-6
      2950-47-2
 L12 ANSWER 32 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
      CA62:8620c CAOLD
 AN
      volatility of Pu carbides
 ΤI
      Potter, Paul Edward
 AU
         78-50-2 12076-56-1
 IT
 L12 ANSWER 33 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN
      CA62:8536h CAOLD
      enhancement of fluorescence yield of chelated lanthanide ions by Lewis
 TΙ
      bases
 ΑU
      Kleinerman, Marcos; Hovey, R. J.; Hoffman, D. O.
 IT
         14319-77-8 14552-07-9 24559-44-2
 L12 ANSWER 34 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN
      CA62:3609g CAOLD
      extraction of Tc from HNO3 solns. by H3PO4 derivs. and trioctylamine
 ΤI
 ΑU
      Zaitsev, A. A.; Lebedev, I. A.; Pirozhkov, S. V.; Yakovlev, G. N.
 IT
         78-50-2 115-96-8
                              1116-76-3 2452-70-2
      2845-09-2
                  2845-13-8
                              2845-16-1 13967-48-1
                                                      13967-76-5
      13981-28-7
                             14119-05-2
                  13981-97-0
                                         14158-27-1 14234-24-3
      14234-34-5 14616-83-2 27661-41-2
 L12 ANSWER 35 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN
      CA62:3335c CAOLD
 TΙ
      trialkylphosphine herbicides
      Weil, Edward D.
 ΑU
 PA
     Hooker Chemical Corp.
 DT
      Patent
      PATENT NO.
                   KIND
                               DATE
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 PI J US 3158461
                               1964
        78-50-2
 ΙT
                  814-29-9
                               3084-47-7
                                           3084-48-8
      3084-49-9
                  3084-50-2
 L12 ANSWER 36 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN
      CA62:8h CAOLD
      liquid-liquid extraction by alkylphosphine oxides
IT 1
 ΑU
      Duyckaerts, Georges; Goffart, J.
 IT
         78-50-2
                 814-29-9
 L12 ANSWER 37 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
      CA55:26664h CAOLD
 AN
 ΤI
      infrared spectra of U spp. in CCl4 solns. of U(VI), dibutylphosphoric
      acid, and tri-n-octylphosphine oxide
      Kennedy, John; Deane, A. M.
 ΑU
 IT
         78-50-2 92226-13-6
     ANSWER 38 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN
      CA55:21989a CAOLD
 ΤI
      determination of chloropicrin and dichloroethane by the thermal decomposition
 over
      Fe203
 AU
      Zakharenko, G. A.
      sepns. by solvent extraction with tri-n-octyl-phosphine oxide
 ΤI
 ΑU
      White, James Carl; Ross, W. J.
 IT
        78-50-2
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L12 ANSWER 39 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA55:17365e CAOLD AN ΤI determination of Fe with 1,10-phenanthroline Hibbits, James O.; Davis, W. F.; Menke, M. R. ΑU ΙT 78-50-2 L12 ANSWER 40 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA55:16100a CAOLD AN distribution behavior of Np and Pu between acid solns. and some organic ΤI extractants ΑU Weaver, Boyd; Horner, D. E. 78-50-2 IT 102-87-4 1070-01-5 1070-03-7 1806-54-8 2757-29-1 2785-32-2 5910-75-8 5910-76-9 6243-39-6 25549-16-0 56768-14-0 123809-06-3 L12 ANSWER 41 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA55:9539e CAOLD ΑN ΤI separation of U from urine by a tri-n-octylphosphine oxide column and an automation of the procedure ΑU Dietrich, William Charles; Caylor, J. D.; Johnson, E. E. IT 78-50-2 L12 ANSWER 42 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA55:8143f CAOLD TI comparative investigation of solvent extraction of Pa, Ta, Nb, and Zr from strong acid ΑU Scherff, Hans L:; Herrmann, G. IT 78-50-2. L12 ANSWER 43 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA54:20610g CAOLD AN ΤI synergism in the extraction of U from aqueous solution by combinations of acidic and nonionic phosphorylated reagents Deane, A. M.; Kennedy, J.; Sammes, P. G. 78-50-2 20024-03-7 25520-03-0 92226-13-6 ΑU ΙT 108015-10-7 123006-74-6 ANSWER 44 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L12 CA54:12865h CAOLD TΙ extraction of HNO3 and Th nitrate by tri-n-octylphosphine oxide in cyclohexane ΑU Zingaro, Ralph A.; White, J. C. IT 78-50-2 126-73-8 1623-06-9 2382-76-5 3900-04-7 3991-73-9 122388-70-9 122388-71-0 127474-01-5 127916-90-9 127916-91-0 127917-23-1 128136-51-6 132516-12-2 132888-28-9 ANSWER 45 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L12 AN CA54:8511e CAOLD TIeffect of moisture on the melting process in cupolas ΑU Tavadze, F. N.; Petriashvili, B. B. IT78-50-2 1070-03-7 5910-75-8 22513-17-3 25549-16-0 71550-31-7 95808-96-1 L12 ANSWER 46 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA54:4265f CAOLD

extraction and determination of Th from sulfate and phosphate solns. with

ΤI

trioctylphosphine oxide

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ΑU
    Ross, W. J.; White, J. C.
       78-50-2
IT
L12 ANSWER 47 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA53:21666d CAOLD
TΙ
    B trialkyl
    Witz, Samuel
ΑU
DT
    Patent
    boron trialkyl
ΤI
PA
    Aerojet-General Corp.
DT
    Patent
    PATENT NO.
                  KIND
                              DATE
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                              ____
    US 2891997
PΤ
                              1959
ΙT
       78-50-2
L12 ANSWER 48 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA53:14822g CAOLD
ΤI
    use of trioctylphosphine oxide in analytical chemistry
ΑU
    White, James Carl
IT
       78-50-2
L12 ANSWER 49 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA53:13738c CAOLD
TΙ
    synergistic U extractants-combination of neutral organophosphorus
     compds. with dialkylphosphoric acids
ΑU
     Blake, Charles A.; Horner, D. E.; Schmitt, J. M.
                 78-50-2
ΙT
       78-46-6
                              126-63-6 126-71-6
     301-13-3
                 814-29-9
                             919-48-2
                                         1024-34-6
                                                     1070-03-7
     1085-92-3
                 2757-29-1
                             2785-32-2 2950-47-2
                                                      3007-31-6
                           3999-89-1 6151-90-2
     3074-81-5
                 3115-39-7
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     6418-56-0 6418-57-1
                             6851-72-5
                                         7504-63-4 13287-27-9
    13421-39-1 14660-16-3 17262-54-3 17262-59-8 25022-72-4
     34937-79-6 36333-30-9 45241-53-0 64630-19-9 73008-90-9
     90860-84-7 91844-45-0 96468-74-5 101792-04-5 103268-84-4
    121544-85-2
L12 ANSWER 50 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA53:9899e CAOLD
AN
     extraction of Ti thiocyanate with tri-n-octylphosphine oxide-direct
TΤ
    colorimetric determination in the organic phase
ΑU
    Young, Jack P.; White, J. C.
       78-50-2
ΙT
L12 ANSWER 51 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
    CA53:6553c CAOLD
TΙ
    use of trioctylphosphine oxide in the solvent extraction of Th from acidic
ΑU
    Ross, W. J.; White, J. C.
       78-50-2 -
IT
    ANSWER 52 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L12
    CA53:5974e CAOLD
AN
TI
    anal. chemistry of Zr-determination of Zr.
ΑU
    Spacu, Petru; Popea, F.
IT
       .78 - 50 - 2
L12 ANSWER 53 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
    CA52:15200e CAOLD
AN
TΙ
    trioctylphosphine oxide in the solvent extraction of Zr
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ΑU White, James Carl; Ross, W. J. . ΙT 78-50-2 L12 ANSWER 54 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CA52:2631d CAOLD AN TΙ solvent extraction of Fe with trioctylphosphine oxide Ross, W. J.; White, J. C. ΑU ΙT 78-50-2 70764-38-4 L12 ANSWER 55 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA51:15327c CAOLD ΤI extraction of Cr with trioctylphosphine oxide AU White, James Carl; Ross, W. J. ΙT 78-50-2 L12 ANSWER 56 OF 56 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN CA51:4205c CAOLD ΤI trialkyl phosphine oxides as extractants in the determination of U AU White, James Carl 78-50-2 17262-54-3 IT FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:17:20 ON 21 MAR 2007 FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:17:20 ON 21 MAR 2007 Copyright (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:17:20 ON 21 MAR 2007 Copyright (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved. L13 124 S L11 L14 0 S L13 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM?) FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 Copyright (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 Copyright (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved. FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION FILE 'JICST-EPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Japan Science and Technology Agency (JST) FILE 'JAPIO' ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 Japanese Patent Office (JPO) - JAPIO L15 1635 S "WEI E"?/AU L16 19 S L15 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM? OR L5 OR L6 OR L8) L17 11 DUP REM L16 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L17 ANSWER 1 OF 11 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

2006-670407 [69] WPIDS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2006-205454 [69]

TITLE:

New N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino acid ester and

N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino lactone compounds, useful to treat e.g. skin irritation, itch, pain, cough and

asthma

DERWENT CLASS:

B03; B05 WEI E T

INVENTOR:
PATENT ASSIGNEE:

(PAGE-I) PAGET H C E; (WEIE-I) WEI E T

COUNTRY COUNT:

111

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

PATENT NO .	KIND DATE	WEEK LA	PG	MAIN IPC
WO 2006103401	A2 20061005	(200669) * EN	61 [2]	

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO K	CIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2006103401 A2	?	WO 2006-GB1093	20060323 .
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:		20060209	
	US 2005-667166P	20050329	
	US 2005-683384P	20050520	
	US 2005-702505P	20050725	
	US 2005-203728	20050813	

AN 2006-670407 [69] WPIDS

AB WO 2006103401 A2 UPAB: 20061027

NOVELTY - N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino acid ester (I) and N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino lactone (II) compounds and their salts and solvates are new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino acid ester and N-cycloalkylcarbonyl-amino lactone compounds of formulae (I) and (II) respectively and their salts and solvates are new. R1 = H or CH3;

R2 = 1-2C alkyl;

R3 = 1-4C alkyl; and

n = 1-3.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) a composition (C1) comprising (I) or (II) and a delivery vehicle for delivering the compound to a human; and (2) use of N-alkylcarbonylamino acid derivatives of formula (R)(R')(C-C(=O)N(R1)Y-C(=O)O-R3 (III) and their salts and solvates in a medicament to prevent coughing and airborne transmission of an infectious microorganism.

R and R'=1-7C alkyl; or

CRR'=cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, bicyclo(3.1.1)heptyl, bicyclo(2.2.2)heptyl or bicyclo(2.2.2)octyl (all optionally unsaturated) (all substituted by 1-3 1-5C alkyl) (where CRR' has 7-14 C atoms); R''=1-5C alkyl;

Y=CHR2', CH2'CHR2' or CHR2CHR2'; and R2'=H or 1-2C alkyl.

Provided that: .

- (i) if R and R' are 1-7C alkyl, R, R' and R'' have greater than or equal to 5C atoms in total;
- (ii) if R and R' are 1-7C alkyl and R'' is H, R must have greater than or equal to2 C atoms, R' must have greater than or equal to3 C atoms and at least one of R and R' must be branched; (iii) if CRR' is a ring and R'' is H, then a 1-5C alkyl must be present at the 2 or 3 position of CRR'; (iv) R2 and R3 may form a 5-7 membered lactone; (v) R1 and R3 may form a saturated 5-7 membered 3'-oxa-1',4'-azoxa ring; and
- (vi) R1 and R2 may form a 5-7 membered saturated N-containing heterocycle (substituted by alkoxycarbonyl at 2' or 3' position) (optionally substituted

by at least one 1-2C alkyl). ACTIVITY - Dermatological; Antipruritic; Analgesic; Antitussive; Respiratory-Gen.; Antiasthmatic; Antismoking; CNS-Gen.; Cardiovascular-Gen.; Fungicide; Antiinflammatory; Antipsoriatic; Gastrointestinal-Gen.; Cardiant; Antiseborrheic; Anorectic; Muscular-Gen. The ability of (I) and (II) to treat skin irritation was tested in twenty-year-old female. The result showed that (I) and (II) treated the irritated skin within five minutes.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - (I) And (II) are useful in medicament to: treat human or animal body by therapy; to alleviate/treat skin irritation, itch, pain, cough, sense of irritation or obstruction of the upper airways, symptoms and signs of asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and other disease of the upper airways; prevent coughing and airborne transmission of an infectious microorganism; reduce host dissemination of an infectious microorganism; increase alertness; and decrease nausea, appetite, fatique, heat or fever. (I) And (II) are useful in smoking cessation therapy (all claimed). (I) And (II) are useful as additives for comestibles (e.g. chewing gum, mouth-washes, anti-gingivitis products and toothpastes), confectionery, cosmetics and toiletries. (I) And (II) are useful to treat e.g. sleep apnea, gastroesophageal reflux disease, snoring, pulmonary edema, congestive heart failure, dyspnea, fungal infections, yeast infections, eczema, allergic or contact dermatitis, seborrheic dermatitis, mucositis, erythema and psoriasis. ADVANTAGE - (I) And (II) provide: refreshing, soothing and cooling action on surfaces of the skin, oral cavity and throat; minimal irritant action on the eye; and rapid onset action. (I) And (II) increase the potency and duration of action and are selective.

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1264893 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:42641

TITLE: Viscoelastic properties of individual glial cells

and neurons in the CNS

AUTHOR(S): Lu, Yun-Bi; Franze, Kristian; Seifert, Gerald;

Steinhaueser, Christian; Kirchhoff, Frank; Wolburg, Hartwig; Guck, Jochen; Janmey, Paul;

Wei, Er-Qing; Kaes, Josef; Reichenbach,

Andreas

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacol., Sch. Med., Zhejiang Univ.,

Hangzhou, 310031, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of

the United States of America (2006), 103(47),

17759-17764

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424 National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

neuronal, cell type in the central nervous system. To ascribe a function to these new, enigmatic cells, it was suggested that they either glue the neurons together (the Greek word "γλια" means "glue") or provide a robust scaffold for them ("support cells"). Although both speculations are still widely accepted, they would actually require quite different mech. cell properties, and neither one has ever been confirmed exptl. We investigated the biomechanics of CNS tissue and acutely isolated individual neurons and glial cells from mammalian brain (hippocampus) and retina. Scanning force microscopy, bulk rheol., and optically induced deformation were used to determine their viscoelastic

characteristics. We found that (i) in all CNS cells the elastic behavior dominates over the viscous behavior, (ii) in distinct cell compartments, such as soma and cell processes, the mech. properties differ, most likely because

One hundred fifty years ago glial cells were discovered as a second, non-

PUBLISHER:

AB

of the unequal local distribution of cell organelles, (iii) in comparison to most other eukaryotic cells, both neurons and glial cells are very soft ("rubber elastic"), and (iv) intriguingly, glial cells are even softer than their neighboring neurons. These results indicate that glial cells can neither serve as structural support cells (as they are too soft) nor as glue (because restoring forces are dominant) for neurons. Nevertheless, from a structural perspective they might act as soft, compliant embedding for neurons, protecting them in case of mech. trauma, and also as a soft substrate required for neurite growth and facilitating neuronal plasticity.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 37 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:692454 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:207492

TITLE:

Neurophysiological, Neuroimmunological, and

Neuroendocrine Basis of Pruritus

AUTHOR(S):

Steinhoff, Martin; Bienenstock, John; Schmelz,

Martin; Maurer, Marcus; Wei, Ed; Biro,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Dermatology, IZKF Muenster, Ludwig Boltzmann-Institute for Immunobiology of the Skin, University Hospital Muenster, Muenster, Germany

SOURCE:

Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2006),

126(8), 1705-1718

CODEN: JIDEAE; ISSN: 0022-202X

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Nature Publishing Group Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

A review. Pruritus (itch) can be defined as an unpleasant cutaneous sensation AB associated with the immediate desire to scratch. Recent findings have identified potential classes of endogenous "itch mediators" and establish a modern concept for the pathophysiol. of pruritus. First, there in no universal peripheral itch mediator, but disease-specific sets of involved mediators. Second, numerous mediators of skin cells can activate and sensitize pruritic nerve endings, and even modulate their growth. Our knowledge of itch processing in the spinal cord and the involved centers in the central nervous system is rapidly growing. This review summarizes the current information about the significance of neuron-skin interactions, ion channels, neuropeptides, proteases, cannabinoids, opioids, kinins, cytokines, biogenic amines, neurotransmitters, and their receptors in the pathobiol. of pruritus. A deeper understanding of these circuits is required for the development of novel antipruritic strategies.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 73 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:904335 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:242030

TITLE:

N-(Substituted-aryl-alkyl)-cycloalkyl carboxamide

compositions and use in treating skin and sensory

disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----US 2005-64358 US 2005187211 20050825 **A**1 20050222 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-547263P P 20040223

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:242030

N-(Substituted-aryl-alkyl)-cycloalkyl carboxamide compns. are disclosed that AR target mol. elements on sensory nerves and on secretory epithelia. Modulation of ion fluxes in neurons and epithelia inhibits the perception of itch, pain, discomfort from the skin. By acting on these targets, preferred embodiment compns. are useful for skin and sensory disorders, and, in the case of secretory epithelia, to retard cellular proliferation. These compds. are formulated as a topical or oral preparation with prolonged duration of action. A 36-yr old with the common cold developed reddened, chapped, and painful area on the border of the nostrils, the philtrum, the area immediately lateral to the philtrum, and above the vermillion border of the lips from vigorous blowing of the nose. Aplication of a 2 % CPS-116 ointment produced cooling sensations within 5 min and produced relief from irritation and pain for about. 5 h. CPS-116 ((1R,2S,5R)-2-isopropyl-5- methylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid 4hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylamide) was prepared from p-menthoyl chloride and 4hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylamine HCl.

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238684 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:303645

TITLE:

Ophthalmic compositions and method for

treating eye discomfort and pain

INVENTOR(S):

Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005059639	A1	20050317	US 2003-660905	20030911
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-660905	20030911

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:303645

Eye discomfort is reduced by administering drops of an inventive composition containing a trialkyl phosphine oxide in an ophthalmic solution The preferred method of administration is to drip the solution onto the medial canthus of the closed eye and to keep the eye closed until at least one minute after instillation. The preferred trialkyl phosphine oxide is selected for potency, long duration of action, and the absence of irritancy. A hydrocarbon polyol or a similar demulcent may be added to the composition in order to further reduce irritancy. The concentration of the trialkyl phosphine oxide in the ophthalmic solution is preferably in an amount of at least about 0.001 weight % to about 0.5% (10 µg/mL to 5 mg/mL) of the composition Preparation of disec-butyl-n-hexylphosphine oxide and its us in ophthalmic solns. for the treatment of patients suffering from eye discomforts are described.

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:641863 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:133392

TITLE: A preparation of aryl derivatives of cycloalkanes

and alkylcarboxylic acids, useful as analgesics

INVENTOR(S): Wei, Edward T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE DATE _____ ____ ______ US 2005159394 A1 20050721 US 2004-25547 20041228 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-534024P P 20031231

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 143:133392

GI

The invention relates to a preparation of novel peripheral antinociceptive compds. having a pharmacophore unit that targets small-diameter nerve fibers that transmit signals of pain and discomfort from the soma and viscera (no biol. data). The pharmacophore unit is coupled to substituents that facilitate delivery of the pharmacophore to its target. For instance, pyrimidine derivative I was prepared via amidation of menthol derivative II by sulfadiazine with a yield of 63%.

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 11 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005110365 MEDLINE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15740597

TITLE: How best to fight that nasty itch - from new insights

into the neuroimmunological, neuroendocrine, and neurophysiological bases of pruritus to novel

therapeutic approaches.

AUTHOR: Biro T; Ko M C; Bromm B; Wei E T; Bigliardi

P; Siebenhaar F; Hashizume H; Misery L; Bergasa N V; Kamei C; Schouenborg J; Roostermann D; Szabo T; Maurer M; Bigliardi-Qi M; Meingassner J G; Hossen M A; Schmelz

M; Steinhoff M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physiology, University of Debrecen,

Medical and Health Sciences Center, H-4012 Debrecen, PO

Box 22, Hungary.. biro@phys.dote.hu

SOURCE: Experimental dermatology, (2005 Mar) Vol. 14, No. 3,

pp. 225-40.

Journal code: 9301549. ISSN: 0906-6705.

PUB. COUNTRY: Denmark

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

200508 ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 3 Mar 2005

Last Updated on STN: 10 Aug 2005

Entered Medline: 9 Aug 2005

While the enormous clinical and psychosocial importance of pruritus in many AB areas of medicine and the detrimental effects of chronic 'itch' on the quality of life of an affected individual are widely appreciated, the complexity of this sensation is still often grossly underestimated. The current Controversies feature highlights this complexity by portraying pruritus as a truly interdisciplinary problem at the crossroads of neurophysiology, neuroimmunology, neuropharmacology, protease research, internal medicine, and dermatology, which is combated most successfully if one keeps the multilayered nature of 'itch' in mind and adopts a holistic treatment approach - beyond the customary, frequently frustrane monotherapy with histamine receptor antagonists. In view of the often unsatisfactory, unidimensional, and altogether rather crude standard instruments for pruritus management that we still tend to use in clinical practice today, an interdisciplinary team of pruritus experts here critically examines recent progress in pruritus research that future itch management must take into consideration. Focusing on new insights into the neuroimmunological, neuroendocrine, and neurophysiological bases of pruritus, and discussing available neuropharmacological tools, specific research avenues are highlighted, whose pursuit promises to lead to novel, and hopefully more effective, forms of pruritus management.

L17 ANSWER 8 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:874964 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:354482

TITLE: Therapeutic 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyrimidine-2-one

compositions and methods therewith

Wei, Edward T. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003207851	A1	20031106	US 2002-139193	20020502
US 6919348	B2	20050719		
US 2003207903	A1	20031106	US 2002-191481	20020708
US 2003207904	A1	20031106	US 2002-232798	20020829
US 6743801	B2	20040601		

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US 2003206873
                                20031106
                                            US 2002-233126
                          A1
                                                                    20020829
     US 2003206866
                                            US 2002-267896
                          A1
                                20031106
                                                                    20021008
    US 6933301
                          B2
                                20050823
    CA 2483090
                                            CA 2003-2483090
                          A1
                                20031113
                                                                    20030428
     WO 2003092697
                                20031113
                                            WO 2003-GB1811
                          A1
                                                                    20030428
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
             NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 2003222990
                          A1
                                20031117
                                            AU 2003-222990
                                                                   . 20030428
     EP 1503763
                          A1
                                20050209
                                            EP 2003-718956
                                                                    20030428
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     CN 1665507
                          Α
                                20050907
                                            CN 2003-815884
                                                                    20030428
     JP 2005526841
                          Т
                                20050908
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                                            ZA 2004-8895 ·
                          Α
                                20051108
                                                                    20030428
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2002-139193
                                                                 A2 20020502
                                            US 2002-191481
                                                                 A 20020708
                                            US 2002-232798
                                                                    20020829
                                            US 2002-233126
                                                                    20020829
                                            US 2002-267896
                                                                   20021008
                                            WO 2003-GB1811
                                                                    20030428
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:354482

At therapeutic composition is provided that comprises a 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyrimidine-2-one derivative cold receptor agonist in a therapeutically effective amount and preferably further comprises one or more pharmaceutically active drugs such as an anti-inflammatory glucocorticosteroid, a sympathomimetic amine decongestant, an antihistamine, a local anesthetic, menthol or a menthol analog, and mixts. thereof. Therapeutic compns. of the invention elicit long-lasting cooling or soothing, particularly when formulated for delivery to suppress the sensations of itch and pain, such as for delivery to inflamed skin, to the mucous membranes of the anogenital areas, and to the enteric mucosa. For example, a male subject with an abrasion on his finger of about 1 cm2 received 0.8 mg of icilin applied directly to the wound with a swab stick. The dull pain previously present at the wound site began to feel cold and the pain was lessened.

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L17 ANSWER 9 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:748022 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:97881
```

TITLE: Stimulation of cell-surface urokinase-type

plasminogen activator activity and cell migration

in vascular endothelial cells by a novel

hexapeptide analog of neurotensin

AUTHOR(S): Ushiro, Shin; Mizoquchi, Kazushige; Yoshida,

Shigeo; Jimi, Sei-ichiro; Fujiwara, Tadami;

Yoshida, Masaya; Wei, Edward T.;

Kitabgi, Patrick; Amagaya, Sakae; Ono, Mayumi;

Kuwano, Michihiko

CORPORATE SOURCE: Maidashi, Department of Biochemistry, Kyushu

University School of Medicine, Fukuoka 812-82,

SOURCE: FEBS Letters (1997), 418(3), 341-345

CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

To investigate if neurotensin (NT) could induce activation of urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA) in vascular endothelial cells, the authors utilized the acetyl-NT (8-13) analog, TJN-950, in which the C-terminal leucine is reduced to leucinol. TJN-950 inhibited the binding of 125I-NT to membranes of newborn rat brains and of COS-7 cells transfected with rat NT receptor cDNA, but at 104 higher doses than NT (8-13). However, TJN-950 was as effective as NT in inducing the fibrinolytic activity in bovine vascular aortic and human umbilical vein endothelial cells, and enhanced the migration of vascular endothelial cells. Moreover, administration of TJN-950 induced neovascularization in the rat cornea in vivo. TJN-950 had no effect on expression of uPA, plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 or uPA receptor mRNA. The binding of 125I-TJN-950 to cell membranes was blocked by unlabeled uPA and TJN-950, but not the N-terminal or 12-32 fragment of uPA. TJN-950 may enhance uPA activity in vascular endothelial cells by interacting with the uPA receptor, resulting in induction of angiogenesis.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 10 OF 11 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96149847 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1996149847

Effects of short-term regression of atherosclerosis on TITLE:

reactivity of carotid and retinal arteries.

AUTHOR: Sobey C.G.; Faraci F.M.; Piegors D.J.; Heistad D.D.;

Wei E.P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Internal Medicine, Univ. of Iowa College

of Medicine, Iowa City, IA 52242-1081, United States

Full-text

Stroke, (1996) Vol. 27, No. 5, pp. 927-933. . SOURCE:

36

ISSN: 0039-2499 CODEN: SJCCA7

COUNTRY:

United States Journal; Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

005 General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy

800 Neurology and Neurosurgery

LANGUAGE:

English

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 4 Jun 1996

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jun 1996

AB Background and Purpose: This study tested the hypothesis that functional abnormalities of carotid and ocular arteries may improve after short-term regression of atherosclerosis, before regression of structural abnormalities. Methods: We examined effects of short-term dietary treatment of atherosclerosis on carotid and ocular vascular responses to serotonin and to platelet activation by collagen in vivo. Three groups of monkeys were studied; normal cynomolgus monkeys, monkeys fed an atherogenic diet for 34 months, and atherosclerotic monkeys that were fed a regression diet for 8.6±1.1 months

(mean±SE). We measured changes in carotid blood flow (using a Doppler probe), retinal blood flow (using microspheres), and diameter of the internal carotid artery (using quantitative angiography). Endothelium- dependent relaxation to acetylcholine was studied in rings of internal carotid artery in vitro. Results: Carotid blood flow increased in response to both serotonin and collagen in normal monkeys, decreased in response to both agents in atherosclerotic monkeys, and was restored toward normal after regression. Serotonin had little effect on retinal blood flow in normal monkeys and produced a marked decrease in retinal blood flow in atherosclerotic monkeys; the vasoconstrictor response to serotonin was reduced after regression. Activation of platelets by collagen increased blood flow in normal monkeys, decreased blood flow in atherosclerotic monkeys, and had little effect after regression. Alterations in responses of the internal carotid artery were consistent with changes in carotid and ocular blood flow. Endotheliumdependent relaxation in vitro was impaired by atherosclerosis and was restored toward normal by regression. There was no reduction in intimal area of the atherosclerotic lesion in common carotid and ophthalmic arteries from regression monkeys, despite a marked reduction in cholesteryl ester. Conclusions: Within a few months of regression of atherosclerosis, endothelial function and hyperresponsiveness of carotid and ocular arteries to serotonin and platelet activation return toward normal. Functional improvement is associated with resorption of lipid from atherosclerotic lesions, but with little reduction in size of intimal lesions.

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:401077 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

79:1077

TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Ocular toxicity of paraquat Sinow, Jack; Wei, Eddie

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sch. Optom., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, USA

Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and

Toxicology (1973), 9(3), 163-8 CODEN: BECTA6; ISSN: 0007-4861

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Paraquat-HCl (I-HCl) [1910-42-5] (6.25, 12.5, 25, 50, and 100% of a 242 mg/ml I ion solution) administered to rabbit eyes produced dose-dependent ocular changes. At the lower I concentration, severe conjunctival reactions were observed with occasional instances of slight corneal damage at the 12.5% concentration With the 25% and 50% concns., the iris became congested and swollen, and the degree and area of corneal opacification increased, and a pannus reaction occurred. Rabbits that received the 100% solution in at least 1 eye and rabbits receiving the 50% solution in both eyes died within 6 days after application of I.

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:19:47 ON 21 MAR 2007

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:963695 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1

143:244617

TITLE:

Stable liquid membranes for liquid phase

microextraction

INVENTOR(S):

Pedersen-Bjergaard, Stig; Rasmussen, Knut

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Norway

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005191759	A1	20050901	US 2004-788592	20040227
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-788592	20040227

AB The invention provides devices and methods for performing liquid phase microextn. of at least one analyte from an aqueous sample, wherein the device comprises a liquid membrane comprising a fatty acid ester, a vegetable oil, a silicone oil, a nitroarylalkylether, or mixts. thereof, and an optional carrier, supported on a porous polymeric substrate. In a preferred embodiment, the porous polymeric substrate is a hollow fiber. The devices and methods for preparing them provide stable liquid membranes for performing liquid phase microextn., where the membranes can be stored for 30, 60 or 90 days prior to use. Organic phases such as dodecyl acetate, nitrophenyl octyl ether, silicone oil AR 20, and tributyrin were prepared as liquid membranes on polypropylene hollow fibers and stored for at least 90 days at room temperature without disruption of the liquid membranes.

IT 78-50-2, Trioctylphosphine oxide

> RL: ANT (Analyte); DEV (Device component use); ANST (Analytical study) (as carrier for liquid membrane; stable liquid membranes for liquid phase microextn.)

RN78-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, trioctyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

78-50-2D, Trioctylphosphine oxide, mixts. with AR 20 ΙT RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); DEV (Device component use); ANST (Analytical study)

(liquid membranes containing; stable liquid membranes for liquid phase microextn.)

RN 78-50-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphine oxide, trioctyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

E9 THROUGH E9 ASSIGNED

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:20:43 ON 21 MAR 2007 L20 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 78-50-2/BI

(FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:20:48 ON 21 MAR 2007) L21 55 S L20

L22 0 S L21 NOT L12

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:21:02 ON 21 MAR 2007

L23 124 S L20

· L24 O S (L13 OR L23) AND OCULAR

(FILE 'HCAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO'

ENTERED AT 15:22:18 ON 21 MAR 2007)

L25 6 S L15 AND OCULAR L26 1 S L25 NOT L16

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 1 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on

STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:60674 BIOSIS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV197410060674; BR10:60674

TITLE: OCULAR TOXICITY OF PARAQUAT.

AUTHOR(S): SINOW J; WEI E

SOURCE: Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology,

(1973) Vol. 9, No. 3, pp. 163-168.

CODEN: BECTA6. ISSN: 0007-4861.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

FILE SEGMENT: BR

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:22:47 ON 21 MAR 2007

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:00:59 ON 22 MAR 2007)

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STR

H3C~Ak~P~Ak~CH3

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 5
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 7

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

10 AE1E OFF

4515 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

100.0% PROCESSED 334165 ITERATIONS

4515 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.03

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:07:10 ON 22 MAR 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

FILE CONTENT: 1961-PRESENT VOL 146 ISS 12 (20070316/ED)

SOME MARPAT RECORDS ARE DERIVED FROM INPI DATA FOR 1961-1987

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

US 2007021624 25 JAN 2007
DE 102005037076 25 JAN 2007
EP 1746674 24 JAN 2007
JP 2007019376 25 JAN 2007
WO 2007017126 15 FEB 2007
GB 2427406 27 DEC 2006
FR 2888846 26 JAN 2007
RU 2292368 27 JAN 2007
CA 2552059 19 JAN 2007

Expanded G-group definition display now available.

L3 STR

4 0 \$2 Ak P Ak CH3 6 1 2 3 7

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NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 NSPEC IS RC
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 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 MLEVEL IS CLASS AT
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 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
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 NUMBER OF NODES IS
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 ATTRIBUTES SPECIFIED AT SEARCH-TIME:
 ECLEVEL IS LIM ON ALL NODES
 ALL RING(S) ARE ISOLATED
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            374 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L3 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES)
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                                                              374 ANSWERS
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L6
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L7
               6 S L6 AND (OCULAR OR EYE OR OPHTHALM?)
L8
               3 S L6 AND ("EYE, DISEASE"+OLD OR PRURITUS OR EYE+OLD)/CT
L9
               6 S L7 OR L8
L10
            374 S L5
 L11
               3 S L10 AND (OCULAR OR EYE OR OPHTHALM?)
L12
               1 S L11 AND ("EYE, DISEASE"+OLD OR PRURITUS OR EYE+OLD)/CT
 L13
               2 S (L11 OR L12) NOT L9
      FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:06:03 ON 22 MAR 2007
 L14
              2 S L13
 L14 ANSWER 1 OF 2 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         137:358212 MARPAT Full-text
 ACCESSION NUMBER:
 TITLE:
                          Photopolymerization of episulfides using metal
                         complexes and its use for making ophthalmic lenses
                         Wanigatunga, Sirisoma; Turshani, Yassin Yusef;
 INVENTOR(S):
                          Jiang, Peigi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Essilor International Compagnie Generale
                          d'Optique, Fr.
 SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
 LANGUAGE:
                         English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:
      PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                                             DATE
     WO 2002088220
                      A1
                             20021107
                                          WO 2002-EP4752
                                                             20020430
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
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              GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
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    BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE,
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             SN, TD, TG
                                           US 2001-846669
                                                             20010430
     US 2003022956
                       A1
                            20030130
                            20030715
    US 6592801
                       B2
                                           EP 2002-740543
                            20040303
                                                             20020430
    EP 1392760
                       A1
                            20041013
     EP 1392760
                       В1
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                                                             20020430
                                           JP 2002-585517
     JP 2004525240
                       Т
                            20040819
     AT 279465
                       Т
                            20041015
                                           AT 2002-740543
                                                             20020430
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2001-846669
                                                             20010430
                                           WO 2002-EP4752
                                                             20020430
     A safe and fast process for polymerizing episulfide monomers comprises the
     steps of (a) mixing to an episulfide monomers or a mixture of episulfide
     monomers an effective amount of ≥1 photopolymn. catalyst selected from
     (cyclopentadienyl) ruthenium and osmium complexes and an effective amount of
     ≥1 cocatalyst selected from phosphonium salts, phosphines and amines ; and (b)
     irradiating the mixture of (a) with UV to polymerize the mixture
     ICM C08G075-08
IC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
ST
     UV photopolymn catalyst cyclopentadienyl ruthenium catalyst
     episulfide; phosphonium salt episulfide photopolymn catalyst; amine
     episulfide photopolymn catalyst; ophthalmic lens episulfide resin
ΙT
     Eveglass lenses
        (photopolymn. of episulfides using metal complexes for making
        ophthalmic lenses)
IT
     Amines, uses
     Phosphines
     Phosphonium compounds
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymn. of episulfides using metal complexes for making
        ophthalmic lenses)
ΙT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photopolymn., UV; photopolymn. of episulfides using metal
        complexes for making ophthalmic lenses)
IT
     Epoxy resins, preparation
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
     (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (thio; photopolymn. of episulfides using metal complexes for making
        ophthalmic lenses)
ΙT
     603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, uses
                                         1287-13-4, Bis(cyclopentadienyl)
                 3115-68-2, Tetrabutylphosphonium bromide 31326-83-7,
     ruthenium
     Trichlorophenylphosphine 63541-36-6, Tris(methoxyphenyl)phosphine
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymn. of episulfides using metal complexes for making
        ophthalmic lenses)
                    474432-29-6P
TT
     188830-04-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP
     (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymn. of episulfides using metal complexes for making
        ophthalmic lenses)
                               THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
                               RE FORMAT
L14 ANSWER 2 OF 2 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
```

135:273357 MARPAT Full-text

Stable acylphosphine initiator systems for making

31

TITLE:

ACCESSION NUMBER:

silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses and method for

stabilizing initiator systems

INVENTOR(S): Vanderlaan, Douglas G.; Love, Robert N.; Ford,

James D.; Alli, Azaam; Wood, Joe M.; Nunez, Ivan

Μ.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Johnson & Johnson Vision Care, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO. KIND DA						DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE											
					A2 20010927 A3 20020627					WO 2001-US9076					2001	0322		
	WO									BA.	BB,	BG,	BR.	BY.	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
			•	•	•					-				-	GD,			
															KZ,			
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	
															TR,			
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		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	
			CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	
			TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG
	US 6414049 E			В	1	20020702			US 2000-532234 20000322									
		CA 2404118																
	EΡ	1268	581		A	A2 20030102			E	P 20	01-9	2253	0	2001	0322			
	EΡ	1268	581		В	20041124												
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	
			•	•	•	•	ĻΛ,	•	•	•	•							
										JP 2001-569024 20010322								
	BR	2001	0094	81	A 20040113				BR 2001-9481					20010322				
						B 20060701												
	нк 1050018				1 20050527				нк 2003-102229									
PRIOR	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :										2000			
									W	0 20	01 - U	S907	6	2001	0322			
GI																		

The method for stabilizing initiator comprises lowering the pH of an initiator system containing an acylphosphine compound R1P:O(r2)(R3) (R1,R2,R3 = H, (un)substituted C1-12 alkyl or cycloalkyl, I; R4-8 = H, C1-3 (un)substituted alkyl, alkoxy) with adding an acid to the monomer mixture containing silicone monomers and the photoinitiator.

IC ICM C08F002-00

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
Section cross-reference(s): 63

ST acid stabilized acylphosphine photoinitiator silicone hydrogel; ophthalmic lens silicone hydrogel stabilized initiator

ΙT Contact lenses Eyeglass lenses Hydrogels (acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) IT Bronsted acids Lewis acids RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) ΙT Acids, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (inorg.; acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) IT Acids, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (organic; acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) ΙT Polymerization catalysts (photopolymn.; acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) ΙT Acrylic polymers, preparation RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polysiloxane-; acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) 80-62-6DP, Methyl methacrylate, polymers with siloxane acrylates and TΤ acrylates 109-16-0DP, Triethyleneglycol dimethacrylate, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 868-77-9DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 9003-39-8P, Polyvinylpyrrolidone 9016-00-6DP, Polydimethylsiloxane, monomethacryloxy-terminated, polymers with siloxane acrylates and 9016-00-6DP, Polydimethylsiloxane, monovinyl-terminated, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 17096-07-0DP, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 17407-09-9DP, 2-(Trimethylsiloxy)ethyl methacrylate, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 31469-15-5DP, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates 31900-57-9DP, Polydimethylsiloxane, monomethacryloxy-terminated, polymers with siloxane acrylates and 31900-57-9DP, Polydimethylsiloxane, monovinyl-terminated, polymers with siloxane acrylates and acrylates RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) ΙT 64-19-7, Glacial acetic acid, uses 79-43-6, Dichloroacetic acid, 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids) ΙT 184649-96-5, CGI 1850 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiator; acylphosphine photoinitiator systems for making silicone hydrogel ophthalmic lenses stabilized by adding acids)

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:20 ON 22 MAR 2007

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=> d que 12; d his ful
L1
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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 5 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 7

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 4515 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:09:19 ON 21 MAR 2007 ACT SHOB660/A

L1STR

L2 4515 SEA SSS FUL L1

> FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:09:34 ON 21 MAR 2007 D QUE STAT

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:09:34 ON 21 MAR 2007

L3 5783 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2

L45 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM?)

E "EYE, DISEASES"+ALL/CT E "EYE, DISEASE"+ALL/CT

. 26155 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "EYE, DISEASE"+OLD/CT

E PRURITUS+ALL/CT

2524 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PRURITUS/CT L6

L7 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND (L5 OR L6)

E EYE+ALL/CT

87653 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON EYE+OLD/CT

3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND L8

5 SEA ABB=ON 'PLU=ON L4 OR L7 OR L9 L10

SEL HIT L10 1-5 RN

D 1-5 IBIB ABS HITSTR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:16:34 ON 21 MAR 2007

8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (78-50-2/BI OR 16543-17-2/BI OR L11 289665-22-1/BI OR 29222-25-1/BI OR 4553-56-4/BI OR 4574-29-2/BI OR 52911-10-1/BI OR 52911-14-5/BI) D QUE

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:16:47 ON 21 MAR 2007

L12 56 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11

D 1-56

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:17:20 ON 21 MAR 2007

124 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 L13

L9

L14 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM?)

FILE 'HCAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO'
ENTERED AT 15:18:19 ON 21 MAR 2007

L15 1635 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "WEI E"?/AU

L16 19 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND (EYE OR OPHTHALM? OR L5 OR L6 OR L8)

L17 11 DUP REM L16 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
D 1-11 IBIB ABS

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:19:13 ON 21 MAR 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:19:47 ON 21 MAR 2007

L18 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND OCULAR L19 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 NOT L10

D IBIB ABS HITSTR SEL HIT L19 RN

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:20:48 ON 21 MAR 2007

L21 55 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20

L22 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L12

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:21:02 ON 21 MAR 2007

L23 124 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20

L24 O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L13 OR L23) AND OCULAR

FILE 'HCAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO' ENTERED AT 15:22:18 ON 21 MAR 2007

L25 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND OCULAR

L26 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 NOT L16

D IBIB ABS

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:22:47 ON 21 MAR 2007

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 927525-36-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 MAR 2007 HIGHEST RN 927525-36-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

FILE HCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2007 VOL 146 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2007 (20070320/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE CAOLD

FILE COVERS 1907-1966

FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

FILE MEDLINE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Mar 2007 (20070317/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DA

All regular MEDLINE updates from November 15 to December 16 have bee added to MEDLINE, along with 2007 Medical Subject Headings (MeSH(R)) and 2007 tree numbers.

The annual reload will be available in early 2007.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE BIOSIS

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 14 March 2007 (20070314/ED)

FILE EMBASE

FILE COVERS 1974 TO 21 Mar 2007 (20070321/ED)

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default)

and biweekly.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE WPIDS

FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 MAR 2007 <20070319/UP>
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200719 <200719/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

- >>> New reloaded DWPI Learn File (LWPI) available as well <<<
- >>> YOU ARE IN THE NEW AND ENHANCED DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX <<<
- >>> New display format FRAGHITSTR available <<<
 SEE ONLINE NEWS and
 http://www.stn-international.de/archive/stn online news/fraghitstr ex.</pre>
- >>> IPC Reform backfile reclassification has been loaded to 31 Decembe
 2006. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified
 documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and
 20061231/UPIC. <<<</pre>

FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:

http://www.stn-international.de/training center/patents/stn guide.pdf

FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://scientific.thomson.com/support/patents/coverage/latestupdates/

PLEASE BE AWARE OF THE NEW IPC REFORM IN 2006, SEE http://scientific.thomson.com/media/scpdf/ipcrdwpi.pdf

>>> FOR DETAILS ON THE NEW AND ENHANCED DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX PLEASE SEE

http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi r.html <<<

FILE JICST-EPLUS

FILE COVERS 1985 TO 19 MAR 2007 (20070319/ED)

The database producer has informed us that as of March 31, 2007, they will no longer provide updates for the JICST-EPLUS file. Therefore, effective March 31, 2007, JICST-EPLUS will be removed from STN.

FILE JAPIO

FILE LAST UPDATED: 5 FEB 2007 <20070205/UP>
FILE COVERS APRIL 1973 TO OCTOBER 26, 2006

>>> GRAPHIC IMAGES AVAILABLE <<<

FILE HOME

```
=> d que 15; d his ful
L3
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 5
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
MLEVEL IS CLASS AT 1 3
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 7
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
ATTRIBUTES SPECIFIED AT SEARCH-TIME:
ECLEVEL IS LIM ON ALL NODES
ALL RING(S) ARE ISOLATED
L5
           374 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L3 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES)
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:00:59 ON 22 MAR 2007
               ACT SHOB660/A
L1
               STR
L2
          4515 SEA SSS FUL L1
     FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:01:19 ON 22 MAR 2007
L3
               STR L1
L4
            12 SEA SSS SAM L3 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES)
L5
           374 SEA SSS FUL L3 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES)
               SAV TEMP L5 SHOB660B/A
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:04:08 ON 22 MAR 2007
          5783 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2
L6
             6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND (OCULAR OR EYE OR OPHTHALM?)
L7
L8
             3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND ("EYE, DISEASE"+OLD OR PRURITUS
               OR EYE+OLD)/CT
L9
             6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 OR L8
           374 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5
             3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND (OCULAR OR EYE OR OPHTHALM?)
L11
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND ("EYE, DISEASE"+OLD OR
L12
               PRURITUS OR EYE+OLD) /CT
L13
```

2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L11 OR L12) NOT L9

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:06:03 ON 22 MAR 2007

2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13

D QUE STAT L2 D QUE STAT L5 D L14 1-2

38

L14

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:20 ON 22 MAR 2007 D QUE L5

FILE MARPAT

FILE CONTENT: 1961-PRESENT VOL 146 ISS 12 (20070316/ED)

SOME MARPAT RECORDS ARE DERIVED FROM INPI DATA FOR 1961-1987

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

2007021624 25 JAN 2007 DE 102005037076 25 JAN 2007 1746674 24 JAN 2007 EΡ 2007019376 25 JAN 2007 JΡ 2007017126 15 FEB 2007 WO 2427406 27 DEC 2006 GB ·FR 2888846 26 JAN 2007 RU 2292368 27 JAN 2007 CA 2552059 19 JAN 2007

Expanded G-group definition display now available.

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 11 Feb 2004

Last Updated on STN: 11 Feb 2004

Profens, including pranoprofen, fenoprofen, flurbiprofen, ketoprofen and ibuprofen (Ib), were derivatized by a water-soluble benzofurazan fluorescent reagent, 4-N-(4-N'-aminoethyl)piperazino-7-nitro-2,1,3-benzoxadiazole and then were run on capillary electrophoresis in a NH4Ac-HAc buffer of pH 3.1 containing 2.4 mM beta-cyclodextrin. At room temperature, the derivatization reaction was catalyzed by triphenyl phosphine and diphenyl disulfide in acetonitrile medium, and the derivatives fluoresce around 530 nm when excited at 488 nm. With the CE running on a 50 cmX50 mum LD. length fused-silica capillary of by using Ar+ laser induced-fluorescence detection, the detection limits attained were in the range of 0.16 to 0.3 fmol.

=> logoff .
ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF